Bellefonte Republican

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. {25 Cts for the Campaign

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To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

National Ticket.

For President,
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
of Indiana.

For Vice President,
LEVI P. MORTON,
of New York.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,
JAMES T. MITCHELL, OF PHILADELPHIA

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
THOS McCAMANT, of Harrisburg

ELECTORS.

Thomas Dolan	Henry H Bechtel
Lewis Pughe	John H Grant
John H Taggart	Wilson C Kress
John Wanamaker	Thomas Beaver
Hibbert P John	George G Hutchinson
William C Hamilton	John C Lower
John S McKinlay	Jeremiah K Miller
Joseph R T Coates	George J Elliott
William S Ellis	Henry S Paul
Edgar Pinchot	George Shiras, Jr
Samuel L Kurtz	Porter S Newmyer
Ellwood Griest	John W Wallace
Ezra H Ripple	John C Sturtevant
William G Payne	Joseph Thomas Jones
Peter E Buck	L M Truxal

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET

FOR CONGRESS,
THEODORE P. RYNDER.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
C T FRYBERGER, of Philipsburg,
WM M ALLISON, of Spring Mills,

JURY COMMISSIONER,
SAMUEL ALEY, of Marion Twp.

CORONER,
DR THOS TOBIN, of Stormstown.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

MR. POWDERLY is for protection in everything.

"THE retaliation message is only for political effect."—*Minister Sackville West.*

REPUBLICANS, the victory is yours, and every man on the ticket will be elected.

THE explanation by Secretary Bayard of the British Minister's letter makes it worse than it was before.

THE bandana is certainly not popular down in West Virginia. A man was shot there for pulling his out simply to blow his nose.

IF Mr. RYNDER is sent to congress he will try to have passed a law prohibiting the importation to this country of cheap pauper labor.

THE speeches delivered by Judge Thurman, Democratic candidate for Vice President, are silly enough to lead one to believe that he is in his dotage.

THE British Ministers letter' in favor of Cleveland's election makes it very clear that another declaration of independence of Great Britain is needed in this country. It will be due on November 6.

IT is no use to say that the Mill's bill is not free trade. Its author and every man who helped to frame it are free traders. They asked for as much as they had hoped to get. If granted this, they will ask more.

THE FOUNTAIN has secured the services of a traveling correspondent who will furnish its readers with a correct description of our western states and territories, habits of the people and the railroad facilities of that part of the great republic.

WHETHER or not Minister West was trapped into writing that letter is beside the point. The fact that the British Minister has recorded his belief that the re-election of Cleveland is to be preferred in the interest of Great Britain is what interests voters.

IF an American minister were to offer an insult to the British Government, as the British Minister has done here, he would be "bounced" quickly. The American people are now waiting to see if Cleveland and Bayard will swallow the insult of Lord Sackville-West.

THE Memphis *Appeal*, a rank Democratic paper, rises to remark: "But, coming back to the fact of free trade, it is undeniable that this is the ultimate policy of the democratic party, and the Mills bill is only a step toward its consummation. And for that daywe pray,"God send it soon."

HARRISON is a clean, pure, true man. So is Morton. Not a breath of scandal has touched or can touch the character of either. If moral integrity in all the relations of life is an excellent thing in the President and Vice President of a Christian nation, elect these men for the sake of their example.

THOSE FRIGHTFUL TAXES.

How many voters realize what the protective system has done for them? democratic newspapers are careful notto make known the facts, which are nevertheless abundantly established by official records. For example, let the census report on wages testify as follows:

A cotton spinner at Cohoes earned $1 in 1869, the last year of a Democratic tariff, and the wholesale price of print cloths was then 5 37 cents. This same spinner earned in the same works $1.75 in 1880, and the price of cloth prints was 3 87 cents. A day's work under the Democracy would buy 18 yards, under Republicanism 46 yards.

A carpenter earned $1.50 in 1860, the last year of a Democratic tariff, and paid $3 for a hand-saw. He earned $2 in 1880, and paid $1 for a better handsaw. Under Democracy his saw cost him two days' labor, under Republicanism half a day's labor.

A blacksmith earned $1 07 1-2 in 1860, the last year of a Democratic tariff, and paid $3 25 per 100 pounds for nails. He earned $1.80 in 1880, and paid in the same market $2 per 100 pounds for nails. Under Democracy his day's work earned 31 pounds, and under Republicanism 90 pounds of nails.

A glass presser in the O'Hara works at Pittsburg earned $1.50 in 1860, the last year of a Democratic tariff, and paid $2.50 per dozen, or about 21 cents each for the goblets he made. In 1880 he earned in the very same establishment $2.50, and yet he paid only 35 cents per dozen, or 3 cents each, for the goblets he made, which were better than any produced in 1860. Under Democracy his day's work earned 7 goblets, under Republicanism his day's work earned 83 goblets.

Illustrations like these from official authority could be given in number sufficient to fill this sheet. And yet there are Democratic organs which persist in the cry that the tariff is a tax, and that the poor workingman is somehow robbed by the duties imposed on cotton, tools, nails and glassware.

ESCAPE OF THE CZAR.

It does not appear that Nihilism has been quite extinguished in Russia. Five minutes before the arrival of the Czar's train at Kulais, en route from Tiflis to the Black Sea, a Kouban Cossack, in the dress of a military officer, was arrested at the station named. On his person were found small, handy explosives and gelatine capsules containing poison. The man, it seems, is unknown to the police. He is one of the irreconcilables, and he is credited with being the founder of the South Russian Revolutionary Society. It is not certain that the man had for his object the assassination of the Czar, but the entire circumstances are suspicious; and the presence of poison and the use he made of it when arrested prove that he is a dangerous character. Presumably the intention was to poison himself, in the event of capture, after his work was done. Russia is ill at ease.

WE told the *Centre Reporter*, last week, in answer to a query, that the tariff is shared equally between the employer and employed. The *Reporter* attempts to reason differently and to do so says that the labor on a ton of steel rails is $3.04, the tariff $17 and the rails sell at $35 per ton. This is not true. There is about $30 worth of labor in a ton of steel rails, and if the editor of the *Reporter* has any secret process by which he can extract ore from the earth, make it into iron and then convert it into steel rails, including all the cost of transporting ore, etc., for $3.04 per ton, he should take out a patent at once and it will be worth hundreds of millions to him.

THE veteran's duty is plain. Soldiers, protect yourselves. Protect your wife and children. Protect your comrades from being consigned to "poor houses," by voting for Protection of American Labor and Industries against Democratic Free Trade, which would destroy the revenues and soon prevent payment of pensions and other just claims due every soldier. Every soldier's vote for Cleveland endorses his insulting pension vetoes: endorses the Democratic majority in refusing consideration and action upon just pension measures by this session of Congress. The Republican party, its candidates and platform promise you Protection in the future. The Democratic party, its candidates and platform do not.

ANOTHER EYE-OPENER.

The British Minister has made a blunder, but a fortunate one for the Republican party. He wrote a letter to an unknown Englishman in California, who requested his advice as to how he should vote in the Presidential campaign. To this request Mr. West made the following answer.

[PRIVATE.]

SIR—I am in receipt of your letter of the 4th inst. and beg to say that I fully appreciate the difficulty in which you find yourself in casting your vote. You are probably aware that any political party which openly favored the mother country at the present moment would lose popularity, and that the party in power is fully aware of this fact. The party, however, is, I believe, still desirous of maintaining friendly relations with Great Britain, and is still as desirous of settling all questions with Canada which have been unfortunately reopened since the retraction of the treaty by the Republican majority in the Senate and by the President's message, to which you allude. All allowances must therefore, be made for political situation as regards the Presidential election thus created. It is, however, impossible to predict the course which President Cleveland may pursue in the matter of retaliation should he be elected, but there is every reason to believe that while upholding the position he has taken, he will manifest a spirit of conciliation in dealing with the question involved in his message. I enclose an article from the New York *Times* of August 22, and remain, yours faithfully. L S. SACKVILLE WEST.

Beverly, Mass., Sept. 13, 1888.

In writing this letter Mr. West distinctly interfered in our domestic politics, and it is the duty of the Administration to send him home. But we are glad he did so, as it is a fresh proof that the English people desire Cleveland's re-election. The letter is guarded, but its sentiment is sufficiently plain to be understood by the voter. We have figures and history in favor of a continuance of Protection and the open avouals of Englishmen in favor of Cleveland. It is wonderful that a genuine American or Irishman can be found who will vote for Cleveland.

COLOR BLINDNESS.

The Supreme Court of the United States rendered a decision in the case of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railroad Company vs. the State of Alabama—commonly known as the color blindness case. The case involves the constitutionality of the law of Alabama forbidding the employment of persons on railroads within that State who are affected with color blindness and defective vision, and requiring railroad employes to have their sight tested by a board of experts. The Supreme Court of Alabama upheld the constitutionality of the law, and this court affirms that decision. The principal ground on which the railroad company attacked the law was that it was repugnant to the clause of the Constitution granting to Congress the power to regulate commerce among the States. Opinion by Mr. Justice Field.

SUPPOSE the prospective voter sits down a moment and considers the following: Great Britain has ruined every country in the world which she has persuaded or forced into free trade. England, indeed, is the commercial pirate of the world. She is now straining her utmost to rob the United States of its industries and get control of our market. If she succeeds, every workingman and working woman in this country will be brought to comparative poverty.

CHAIRMAN QUAY has promptly paid two thousand dollars as a reward for the information which led to the arrest and conviction of a party in New York for false registration. The officers concerned in making the arrest are Republicans, and they expect to "bag"a few more repeaters before long. Chairman Quay is determined to purify the ballot box in New York if it breaks up the Democratic party in that city.

GENERAL HARRISON has denounced the "dollar a day" story as a wicked and atrocious lie, but there are Democrats who will go on repeating it just the same. He also denies the remarks attributed to him concerning the Irish. But it was needless for him to go to such pains. The lies were so effectually disposed of some time ago that no one having a regard for the truth believed them.

Elect the Entire Ticket.

There is no reason why every part of the Republican ticket shall not be triumphantly elected next week. We are certain that the National representatives of it will be. There are too many reasons for this to recount all of them.

The issue is paramount. Voters believe that the policy of protecion is the safe and conservative one for us. We urge upon every patriotic man not to change this policy this year by the re-election of Cleveland. Such a revolt would only embolden Mills, Carlisle and other of the Southern leaders, and complete free trade, such as Mills advocated in his speech at East St. Louis, would be attempted. The fact that the present Mills bill discriminates against Northern industries should show that these leaders of Democracy have not given up their policy of revenge on the North. We cannot believe the Democratic party has a right to succeed until her leaders are men who are in full sympathy with the Union.

Another reason is because Cleveland's civil service pretensions have proven a sham. Mr. Cleveland is himself a sham, else he would have been consistent to his expressed belief that two successive terms for one individual are dangerons and would have refused the second nomination.

The State ticket is also comparatively safe. The fact that this is Pennsylvania renders it so. But do not allow over confidence to even endanger it. We have seen claims in Democratic papers of carrying the State. Let the majority to be given by Pennsylvania be 150,000 on the Republican ticket; that is the majority Pennsylvania should give on this issue.

We believe that the issue of protection and that of service pensions for soldiers, as carried so valliantly by Theodore P. Rynder, in the congressional district, will also ensure his election. Let every soldier, every protectionist, every laboring man, every temperance man, vote for Theodore P. Rynder for Congress.

Let us elect the entire county ticket. In the way of candidates all is in our favor. In Mr. Fryberger and Mr. Allison we have candidates for the legislature as nearly perfect as possible. Both are men of intelligence and of the highest integrity. Both are true gentlemen against whom the democratic papers cannot say a word of evil. For the credit of the county and also that the people may be capably represented in the legislature let us elect them. Mr. Holt, one of the opposition candidates, is also a good man but his companion on the ticket Mr. McCormick is represented to us as lacking in sufficient intelligence to fill the position. His election would be discreditable to the county.

The other gentlemen on the ticket—Samuel Aley for jury commissioner and Dr. Thomas Tobin for coroner—certainly deserve the support of their fellow citizens. They are gentlemen who are highly esteemed by both Democrats and Republicans, spoken of in terms of praise by all and should be elected. Remember these facts when you go to deposit your ballot.

THE duties under the present Tariff act as a check upon foreign importations and to that extent prevent competition with American industries, thus guaranteeing good wages to those employed in them. Mr. Cleveland and his party would reverse this order of things. If European products are to come into competition with our own, wages must come down to the rates current here. This is the issue between parties to-day, and it is impossible to ignore it. If Cleveland shall be elected reduction of wages must inevitably follow. With Harrison as President the policy of Protection will be maintained and prosperity will be guaranteed.

PARTIES, like some other things, are known by their fruits. Massachusetts, where every voter is able to read and write, will give a Republican majority of 25,000 to 30,000, while Louisiana, where the illiterates number more than half of the voting population, will give an overwhelming majority for Cleveland and Thurman. There you have a diagram showing the relative intelligence and character of the two parties. Young voters ought to take this diagram into careful consideration before casting their political lots in life.

TROUBLE grows apace in Carlisle's district in Kentucky, and it is said that the National Democratic Committee has forwarded five thousand dollars to help pull him through. Heaven grant that this arch enemy of American prosperity may be defeated.

THE REVOLT AGAINST MILLS.

There is a decided revolt against Roger Q. Mills in his own district. Mr. Mills is in a bad way, if we are to believe what appear to be substantial reports from Texas. A very prominent and popular democrat is running for Congress against him. Mr. E. A. Jones is the name of this candidate, who once helped Mr. Mills out of a difficulty caused by the latter's predilection for greenbacks. In the present campaign Mr. Jones represents the outraged moral sentiments of the district which Mr. Mills has offended by his war upon temperance and prohibition. The temperance people are very strong in Texas, and Mr. Mills has angered them by the character of his opposition to them.

But his chief offense lies in his hostility to American industries. Mr. Mills has made war upon the interests of the people of his own home. He has undertaken to push through a financial scheme which would ruin his neighbors who are farmers and wool raisers. After his fashion he has conducted his campaign against these people in the most insolent manner of which he is capable, and he has ridiculed them while he has made his raid upon the tariff which has rendered them prosperous.

Last winter, it will be recollected, Mr. Mills made a speech in Providence in defense of the free wool scheme of his bill. It was a speech intended to convince the woolen manufacturers that his bill made for their interests. The people of his district at once assumed that their member was making war upon them. They were engaged in raising the raw material which the woolen manufacturers use, and the result promised to be ruinous to them.

THE BRITISH MINISTER AND SECRETARY BAYARD.

In not promptly giving the British Minister his dismissal Secretary Bayard fell short of his duty, and missed one of the best opportunities of his whole life for regaining his standing with the American people; furthermore, he justified the suspicion of a sympathy between the British Minister, representing British interests, and the President which amounts to an active element in the election. Mr. Bayard tardily admits that for writing the letter of interference in our election in favor of Mr. Cleveland, the British Minister was blameworthy; but so tenderly is this sentiment expressed that it convicts the Secretary of want of a proper appreciation of his duty.

From the act of the British Minister it is plainly to be inferred that there is an active English influence for Mr. Cleveland in this election, and that Mr. Bayard, either from sympathy with that fact or for some other cause, that does not do the only thing proper to be done in the case, to wit: dismiss the Minister at once. But the American voter will not hesitate to do his duty on election day.

A Boon to the British.

THE *Scotsman*, the principal paper printed in Glasgow, in its most recent issue, contained the following:

"It is indeed, as the President says, "a condition and not a theory" with which Congress has to deal. * * * *It may be admitted that large reductions in the duties on imported manufactured goods would produce great distress in many parts of the country.* If once the "protective" system coils about the industries of a nation it disables them from standing by their own strength. * * The President proposes a radical reduction in the duties on raw materials, or even their free importation, as a way of compensating manufacturers for the sacrifice which they are asked to make. The free importation of iron, coal, and wool would be *a great boon to British producers;* if it were accompanied with reductions in the Tariff upon cotton, woolen, and other manufactures the artisans of this country would derive a marked benefit from it. If once the United States finds herself on the road to Free Trade she will hardly know where to stop. For the principle which President Cleveland, as head of the Democratic party, lays down is really that no import duties are justifiable which are not levied solely for purposes of revenue."

SOME times we have heard Democrats say that the West will vote for Cleveland. We thought they meant the American West and here it was only that fellow in Washington called Sir Sackville.

GENERAL NOTES.

Gold was first coined in Christendom in 1320.

A German officer cannot marry an American woman without Bismarck's consent.

An English historical manual states that President Lincoln was shot in a theater in Boston.

On a wager, E. S. Hall, of Lowell, Mass., held his arm out straight for 1 hour and 50 minutes.

William H. Burnhiser, of Harrisburg, Pa., has lived in bed 29 years, in consequence of a spinal injury.

Just think of it! The women of America expend $8,000,000 annually for paint and powder for their faces.

More than 800 old coins and medals have been stolen from the French Museum at Carthage, North Africa.

The quickest sightseeing on record is that of an American woman who claims to have "done" Paris in ten hours.

The daily consumption of needles in this country is said to be 4,200,000, most of which come from Redditch, England.

A Wisconsin man has startled the world by marrying his mother-in-law. He probably did it to get even with her.

There is a dog at Seymour, Ind., who will look at a clock and then put his paw on the exact hour as marked on a card.

The latest addition to Withlacoochee, Fla., fame is a hen which hatched and raised to the size of partridges 16 chicks from 15 eggs.

It is reported that much of the cod liver oil of Russia is adulterated with liquid paraffine, in some cases as much as 50 per cent.

A rock sturgeon weighing 133 pounds, and measuring six feet seven inches in length, was caught in Lake Pepin, Minn., recently.

The oldest and largest tree in the world is a chestnut near the foot of Mt. Etna. The circumference of the main trunk is 212 feet.

The standard of Kentucky chivaly is being trailed in the mud. A man down there was only fined $2.50 recently for beating his wife.

Ella Wheeler Wilcox composed her beautiful little poem, "The Land of Nod," while rocking her baby brother to sleep in the cradle.

In Berlin heavy wagons are not allowed on certain streets. In Paris any carload of rattling material must be fastened till it can't rattle.

Silver dollars to the number of 23,300,000—they weigh about 700 tons—have just been stowed away in the new treasury vaults at Washington.

Probably the largest man in Iowa is J. H. Craig, of Iowa City. He is 32 years old, 6 feet 4½ inches tall and has weighed as much as 833 pounds.

It is said that there are now orders ahead in the shops of Paris and London for all the golden hair that can be purchased in the next five years.

The following unique sign was seen over a Nevada shanty by a traveler: "come in An git a squar mele sich as Your mother Use to Kuk for a Quarter."

A Denver fortune teller could not tell what would happen if she attempted to fill a lighted kerosene lamp, and this defect of foreknowledge was the death of her.

Miss Susan Winter, of Wheatlands, Mon., is engaged to be married to a young man named Spring. Another case of Winter lingering in the lap of Spring.

A wonderful real estate dealer does business at Gladstone, Mich. He won't sell a lot unless the buyer signs a forfeiture contract not to allow whisky-selling on the premises.

The fourth crop of strawberries for this year has been gathered in the Walla Walla Valley; pear trees have yielded three crops, apple trees their second crop, and the second crop of numerous other fruits is reported.

Miss Sue Blakely, of Warren county, Pa., killed two rattlesnakes on her wedding day, just for luck, and her friend, Mrs. Wesley Cameron, of Clarion county, killed last summer 17 rattlesnakes, five copperheads and three black snakes.

At Central City, Col., the other day, a retort containing $40,000 in gold was placed in a bank for safe keeping. The sum was all produced in a single day by one mine. The amount is the greatest ever taken from any mine in the same length of time.

THE principal of the Pennington Seminary, New Jersey, who has just returned from Europe, says: "I saw women doing the work of 'longshoreman on the docks; performing the hardest drudgery in the fields; *doing the work of horses* in cities; exposed like cattle to pitiless storms in the market; poorly clad, poorly housed and poorly fed." Mills, of Texas, says if the Democrats win this election 'they will put our own intelligent labor upon a plane of equality with the labor of other countries.' How does labor like the prospect?

CLEVELAND, the man who stated that a Presidential candidate should be eligible to office only once, is running the second time and would run on for ever if the people would give him a chance.

Poetry.

'TIS EVER THUS.

(From the Boston Courier.)

The man who owns the barking dog
That keeps us all awake
Is always speaking of the noise
His neighbor's children make!

The man who took the temperance pledge
When just on ruin's brink
Can't for the life of him perceive
What joy men find in drink.

* * * * * *

"'Tis ever thus" in human life;
To criticise we're prone;
Our neighbor's faults we plainly see,
But cannot see our own.

JOHNNY'S COMPLAINT.

Our preacher says—an' course he's right—
It's very wrong to tell a fib,
(So mother's taught me ever since
She rocked me in my little crib),
That's why I can't just understand
Why in his sermons he will run
Along like sixty when he's said,
"But one word more and I have done."

When first I heard him say those words
They made me glad, for I, you see
Was tired, for half-hour sermons seem
Enough for little folks like me;
But gracious! I was quite surprised
To find he'd only just begun,
When pausing for a breath, he said,
"But one word more and I have done."

I wonder what he'd think if I
Should say, when at his home I'd sup,
"Just one plum more and I have done,"
Then eat his wife's preserves all up?
I guess he'd ask me what I meant;
I'd have to say I was in fun,
Just like he must be when he says,
"But one word more and I have done."

Our Story Teller

THE WONDER-BALL.

Dora lay on a bed of pain. The active frolicsome girl had suddenly been doomed to the shaded light, the tedious quiet and the physical suffering of the sick-room. A fall on the ice while skating had done the mischief. It was very hard, harder because of her full health and high spirits, for she missed the fresh air, the company of her mates and the world's bright things generally.

"Poor gay bird," the doctor said, "she has broken a wing indeed. She will flutter and struggle for her freedom for a while, but by-and-by, she will be patient and make the best of it."

By degrees the extreme pain grew less and that was a relief. To have the curtain lifted a little and a chink of light left in, was another step in advance; then her brother was allowed to see her, then a friend or two for a few minutes at a time. This was encouraging, but very slow.

"Is the skating good yet? and do you have lots of fun? she asked wistfully of the two little friends who had come in to sit a half-hour with her after school.

"Oh, lots of fun! How do you bear it, lying here all day?" said Alice. "It must seem fearfully long and dreary."

"It does, sometimes," sighed Dora. Then brightening, "but mamma has promised me I may invite some of the girls to tea if I keep on gaining. I have always had the promise of a party when I was twelve years old, and that will be in two weeks."

"Can you get up and stand on your feet then?" cried Alice joyfully.

"Oh, no! but I can see the rest play, and know about the supper, and I am to have as many girls as I am years old."

Caryl saw something peeping out from under Dora's pillow.

"What is it?" she asked.

"I've been learning to knit," said Dora, "and there's nothing amuses me so; its almost better than stories."

They examined the pink and blue strip she held out before them on the white bed-cover, and asked what it was for.

"Nothing," she said, "only just to be busy."

"Why don't you knit an afghan?" asked Caryl, who was an industrious, house-wifely girl. I know a lovely stitch."

"I shouldn't know what colors to choose—or anything," said Dora: "and it would take so long."

"I can show you. I'll bring mine for you to see. I am making it for Aunt Gretchen, who is an an invalid."

The thought pleased Dora almost as much as that of the party. It would be something to beguile her many long lonely, restless moments.

When Caryl and Alice had said good-night, and gone out upon the street, Caryl burst out with great excitement:

"Oh, I have such a splendid idea. I could hardly keep it to myself till we got away!"

"What is it? What about?" asked Alice, in some amazement.

"A present for Dora—a birthday present. My Aunt Gretchen has told me of a gift the Germans make, which they call a wonder-ball. Let's make one for Dora!"

"How can we? I don't know how."

"I'll tell you. You know the German women are great knitters. They get a quantity of bright wool for any purpose they have to mind—say an afghan. Each friend buys a gift—a small one is best—and they get together and begin to wind the yarn. A gift is at the centre of the ball. Around this is enough of the yarn to hide it entirely, when another gift is added, and so on, until all the presents are included and the yarn is wound."

"How very curious! How are they gotten out?"

"They are knitted out. The one who receives the wonder-ball is asked not to unwind any faster than the actual knitting requires."

"Oh, I see! There is always a present to come as long as the ball lasts."

"Yes. You can see how interesting it makes it. There is no telling how many things are wound up in it, and as soon as you've reached one you're crazy to get at the rest."

"We'll make one; we'll make one!" cried Alice. "Won't poor Dora be delighted?"

An afternoon was set for the winding, and after school a flock of the twelve girls who had received Dora's invitations to her birthday tea-party met at Caryl's house, who, as the most experienced one, had been asked to buy the wool.

Each had a little box with her card tied upon the top with a ribbon. Caryl had chose wools of the brightest, most attractive colors, and by the time they were wound and the gifts inclosed it made a ball almost as big as a bushel basket.

"How shall we carry it, and where will she keep it?" cried one.

"Mamma has a large scrap-basket she says we may have," said Caryl, "I'll put pretty ribbons on the handles and make it look festive. Bob will take it over for us on his sled."

Dora was gaining fast of late, and though she could not leave her bed she found great pleasure and diversion in the birthday preparations. When the hour for the party arrived, her little friends came in a body, bearing the wonder-ball between them. Dora laughed more like herself than she had before in weeks. She was dazzled and delighted with the thought of having a series of unknown presents ahead.

"I suppose I'll get about one a week if I work hard," she said.

"More than that, if you like to knit as well as I do," said Caryl.

"I surely should like to now. I can hardly wait to begin."

There was a pair of white ivory needles stuck in the ball, and while the other children played games, Caryl, took a seat by Dora's bed, set up the knitting, and showed her how to begin. It was a very pretty stitch, and she forgot her helplessness while she practiced it. The party was pronounced delightful, but when the guests were gone they left behind them a wonderful source of pleasure.

"The very name sounds as if it came from fairyland," said Dora.

The bit of knitting Caryl had set up Dora kept for a pattern, and the next day she began upon the afghan in earnest.

"I lay awake in the night and thought what I could do with it when it's done," she said to her mother. "You know Bibby Ryan. She is worse sick than I am, and of course can never walk, since she is paralyzed. If the girls think it right, I shall give it to her."

The first present that unwound, after many busy stitches, was a beautiful gold thimble. It had Caryl's name on the card.

"She means I shant be lazy," cried Dora, holding it up delighted.

According as its little owner was industrious or idle did the wonder-ball unroll its treasures. Each had a surprise of its own; in one was a lovely note; with another was a bit of original verse; with another a painted card. It lasted weeks and weeks, for Dora's mother would not allow her to confine herself to closely too the knitting. By the time the last gift was unwound she had so gained in strength she could sit by the window and watch for her friends' visits. They came anb helped her join the strips and make the fringe, and the day Caryl's brother came to carry it for her to little Bibby Ryan for her birthday presen Dora took her first step since her fall.

"I wish everybody could have as good a time being sick as I have had," she said. "The doctor thinks the wonder-ball cured me, for it made me so contented. And how proud Bibby Ryan will be of her bright coverlet! I wish the wonder-ball might cure her too."

His First Night Out.

From the Philadelphia Record.

Bride (of a month)—My husband seems to be out very late to-night.

Maid—Yes'm; its after 11 o'clock.

"Mercy on me! Do you suppose he could have met some former sweetheart, and—."

"No, indeed, mum, the Butler tells me your husband is at the club having a good time with his bachelor friends, and I think, ma'am, you ought to do something about it.'

"Why, of course. How thoughtless I am! Get me that box of phophorus from the cabinet.

"Dearie me! You ain't going to commit suicide?"

"Suicide! You must be crazy. I'm going down to the front door to rub phosphorus on the key hole,"

Fogg thinks your true slonoclast is the school teacher who cures his pupils of indolence and sloth. He is the breaker of idles.

A NEw KIND OF A BRICK.

An Inquisitive Little Boy and a Puzzled Father's Dialogue.

Translated from the German.

A rich man was taking a walk in his brick yard with his little boy one morning when the following conversation took place.

'Tommy—What sort of a place is this pa?

'This, my boy, is a brick yard.'

'Who does it belong to?

'It belongs to me, my son.'

'Does that big pile of bricks belong to you, too, pa?'

'Yes, Tommy, it belongs to me.'

'Do those dirty men belong to you too, pa?'

'No, my son, in this glorious land of liberty there can be no slavery. They are free men.'

'Why do they work so hard?

'I don't know, my son.'

Does anybody steal what they make?'

'Of course not, Tommy. How do you come to ask such questions?

'But, pa, don't the brick belong to those men who make them?'

'No, my son, they belong to me.'

'What are the bricks made of, pa?'

'Of clay, Tommy.'

'What! Out of this dirt?

'Yes, Tommy.'

'And nothing else?

'No, Tommy.'

Who does the clay belong to?

'To me.'

'Did you make it?

'No, my son, God made it.'

'Did God make the clay especially, for you, pa?'

'No, I bought it.'

'Well, pa, did you buy the clay from God?

'No, I bought it just as I buy anything else.'

'Did God sell the clay to the man you bought it from?'

'I dont know, Tommy. You ask more questions than I can ever answer.'

It's a good thing you own the clay, ain't it, pa?

'Why, Tommy?'

'Because, if you didn't you would have to work like those dirty men. Will I have to work when I get big?

'No; I will leave you all my property when I die.'

'When these men die wont they all turn to clay?'

'Yes, we will all return to clay when we die.'

'When are you going to die, pa—pretty soon?

I don't know, my son. Why do you ask?'

'I was just thinking what a nice lot of bricks you would make after you are dead.'

Another of These Charming Widows.

Husband and wife had a little tiff. He buried his nose in a morning paper, while she gazed out of the car window with persistent intentness. Thus an hour and thirty minutes passed. A lady entered the car. Husband dropped his paper and looked at her admiringly 'Ah,' he said 'that's a fine woman And a widow, too. Don't you think she is handsome?'

'Yes, rather. You seem to like widows.

'Indeed I do. They're just charming.

Husband evidently thought this would pique his partner. But it didn't.

'Alfred,' said she tenderly placing her hand softly on his arm. 'Alfred I guess I was the wrong a little while ago, when I became angry at you, and I'm sorry so sorry. Will you forgive your little wifey.'

'Certainly. Don't say another word about it.'

'And will you grant a little request I have to make of you, hubby dear?'

'Of course. Anything that lies in my power.'

'Qou say you think widows are charming.'

'Yes I did say so, but—'

'Then make me one; that's a good husband mine. O, I shall be so happy.'

If you "plase"
Call it vase:
English laws
Make it vaws:
With some it has
The sound of vas:
For sake of rest
We suggest
Change of base,
Call it vase.

The Christian Register says: "You may break, you may shatter the 'vase,' if you will; but the various ways of pronouncing it, according to locality, will cling round it still."

Would-be-Wag, to minister.—They say you ministers call yourselves fishers of men? Minister—Yes. Wag—What kind of tackle do you use? Minister—Line upon line.

Dude:—Yeth, Hith Fanny, I've got a family cwest, but what would you suggeth for a motto? Miss Fanny:—The best motto for you, I think, would be: There is room at the top.

This is what Jerry Sullivan knew about sea-gulls: While out sailing Wednesday, C. A. Hazen, our night operator, asked Jerry how large a sea gull was. 'Oh,' said Jerry, 'they are quite large—most all feathers, though. Their body isn't larger than a pigeon's. They lay large quantities of eggs on the island there' (pointing to Au Train Island). What size eggs do they lay?' inquired Mr. Hazen. 'Their eggs are a great deal larger than goose eggs,' replied Jerry very earnestly,

Another Great Speech by General Hastings.

Our handsome fellow citizen Adjutant General Hastings has been enthusing the people of Grand Rapids, Mich., with his eloquence. These speeches not only cause much enthusiasm, but they also read well in print. He said a few of the same things which were in his speech delivered at Toledo, Ohio. The new portions of his address we reprint for our readers:

This is a great country. It has a better climate, larger rivers, better soil, the people have more to eat, have better wives and sweeter children than any other nation. God Almighty would not have showered all these blessing upon this land had he had the faintest suspicion that we were going to turn it over to the Democratic party.

The question of tariff, he continued is a proposition easily understood. It takes from 300,000,000 to 350,000,000 dollars per annum to run our government, and that amount must be raised either by direct tax or by an import. Both parties agree that it is best that our revenues should be raised by a tariff. The Democrats say they would make the tariff a horizontal one, raising barely enough to meet the expenses of the government. The Republicans say they would make the tariff high enough to protect the American workingmen, that when foreign goods come into competition with American labor they would require the importer to walk up to the captain's office and settle. They recognize that changes in the condition of affairs require frequent revisions, but they propose to revise it in such a manner as to protect our labor. All the great men who are recognized as the best the country has produced have been in favor of protection. Even Andrew Jackson, the great father of Democracy, was in favor of protection, and recommended it in a message to Congress. James K. Polk also commended it to the favorable consideration of Congress. He, too, was a Democrat. Before the war we had a period of free trade, and, in consequence, James Buchanan, notwithstanding the annexation of the discovery of gold and unsurpassed harvests, was obliged to say in a message to Congress that our manufactories were languishing and our monetary affairs in a deplorable condition, and that he therefore recommended the adoption of a protective tariff. Free trade had brought us to such a pass that our bonds could not be marketed at less than 12 per cent. The first thing the Republican party did was to adopt a protective tariff, and its beneficent effects were manifest at once.

A friend bought for me in Manchester a yard of calico; it cost five cents. the duty was 4½ cents. If Mr. Cleveland is right it ought to be 9½ cents a yard. The other day in Cleveland I asked a merchant for a yard of calico just as good as the sample from Manchester. It cost five cents a yard. What becomes of Mr. Cleveland's statement in the face of facts like these?

When Carlisle made up his Committee on Ways and Means he placed on it five Republicans and eight Democrats. The majority of the Committee were from six Southern States having 2503 manufactories employing an average of 3 3-10 men, Roger Q. Mills comes from Texas, a State having 21 manufacturies employing 78 men at an average wage of $121 per annum or 33 cents a day. It is a shame that the South should dictate legislation on these subjects to the section which pays out $150,000,000 in wages annually—50 times the amount paid by the South. The South looks after its own interests and strikes at those of the North. I am surprised that a free trade Democrat can look a sheep in the face.

The speaker paid a glowing eulogy to Levi P. Morton, contrasting his gift of $50,000 to starving Ireland, with Cleveland's check for $20 sent to Charleston, and the one for $10,000 to aid his own re-election. The amount of the pensions vetoed by Cleveland would not amount to twice as much as he pays out for the flower beds around the White House.

The statements of Mr. Cleveland that the tariff is added to the original cost of the article, is untrue. All the history of the tariff shows that to be false. If it is true that the purchaser does not pay the tariff, then the whole Democratic argument fails. I defy any one to name an article that is not sold cheaper than before the tariff was adopted. A manufacturer of wire, employing 1,500 men, told me that before the tariff was adopted the average wages of his men was $160 per day. Now he pays an average of 2.40, while the price of the wire has been reduced 40 per cent. In an Ohio brush factory, the girls are paid a $1.00 a day, while the wages for the same work in Europe are twenty cents. Yet the American brushes, owing to competition, are selling below the foreign. The soda ash industry shows the same state of acts. I have an Irishman working for me who went to Dublin and bought a coat for $10. His free trade friends said that he could not buy a coat so cheap in this country. He looked around and found that such a coat here cost $12. But, said he, in Ireland I had to work fourteen days to earn such a coat, while here I can earn it in seven days. It is a good plan to keep our money in our own family. Let us keep the balance of trade in our own favor.

Mr. Cleveland said to the public that a public office was a public trust. Privately, I am told that he said that a public office is a private snap. He turned out of office 49,832 old soldiers, not one of whom had been guilty of misappropriating a single dollar. He put 137 men in office who were convicted criminals. He put into one postoffice a man who had not yet got out of penitentiary for robbing that very office. He put into a Georgia postoffice a man who boasted that he wore a scarf pin made out of the skull of a Union soldier.

The young men ought to unite themselves with a party whose past record and whose candidates are such as to be proud of. I have not heard of any one going around boasting of Grover Cleveland's record either as a patriot or citizen.

The speaker then narrated from his knowledge a story of a Pennsylvania woman who lost a husband and several sons in the war and were reduced to poverty. Congress granted her a pension but Cleveland on the veriest technicality vetoed it.

The course of Cleveland during the war was contrasted by the speaker with that of General Harrison, whose gallantry at Ressac was thrillingly described. It was by the hands of such as Harrison that the glory and dignity of the flax had been maintained. Cleveland has been unable to protect even the fish bait on the Northeast coast.

This country welcomes the industrious and intelligent immigrant, but will not be made the dumping ground for the contract labor and paupers of the old world.

Growing allusions to the Rail Splitter, the Tanner, the Boy from the Tow Path, the Irish Boy Sheridan, as instances of what America under the beneficent influences of the tariff does for the poor man, awoke thunders of applause, and a reference to Belknap working at the anvil turned the hall into a bedlam for the space of fully five minutes.

The peroration was one of great eloquence and power, and at its close three cheers for the speaker nearly raised the roof of the building.

HE WANTED TO PAY.

But His Creditor Had Got All over his Haste for the Money.

Arkansaw traveler.

A Memphis merchant, upon meeting a man in the street, asked him when he was coming around to pay a bill which he had been owing for some time.

'In a few days.'

'Yes, but you have been saying that for some time.'

'If the money I am expecting gets here in time I will be around to morrow.'

The next day the man presented himself, the merchant was delighted to see him.

'Here is your money (taking out a roll). I would have paid you long before this, but have been unfortunate. A fellow down in Florida owed me some money, and I didn't receive it until to day. Sent it in a registered letter. Don't know how it got through the quarantine. Has been fumigated, I suppose.'

'Take it away from here!' the merchant exclaimed.

'But my dear sir, it is all the money I have,, I owe you and want to pay you.

'Take that stuff out of my house and don't you come in here again until next winter.'

'But I might not have the money to pay you with when cold weather comes.'

'I tell you to get out of this house.'

'Gentlemen,' said the man addressing several bystanders, 'you see I offered him his cash. A man can only pay when he has the cash, you know. Well I'll bid you good day.'

He went out, threw down several pieces of green paper, and whistled in a contented manner.

He Let Out School.

From the Arkansaw Traveler.

School house in Georgia.

Slim Boy (addressing teacher)—"Whut time does yo' blame shebang shet down?

Teacher—"What do you mean by thus addressing me? Sit down there till' you learn better manners." (Boy sits down but soon becomes restless.)

Teacher—"Stop scouring around on that seat. What do you mean?"

Boy—"Mean that I kain't sit still."

Teacher—"What makes you so restless?'

Boy—'Wanter get outen here.'

Teacher—'What for?'

Boy—'W'y, I hearn some feller holler down yander in the bottom jest now, an' I bet he's treed a coon.'

Teacher [with enthusiasm]—Why didn't you say so just now? Why did you want to keep back such important information? Children put up your books. We will go down and see about the coon. Education can afford to rest, but a coon up a tree is something to be looked after at once.'

'Bridget, has Johnnie come home from school yet?' 'Yis sorr' 'Have you seen him?' 'No, sorr.' 'Then how do you know he's home?' ''Cause the cat's hiden' under the stove, sorr'

The exercising of horses just before a race is the preamble.—*Pittsburg Cronicle.*

The reason some men can't make both ends meet is because they are too busily engaged in making one end drink.

Maudie: "Oh, mamma! you told me not to say anything about Major Blinker's eyes, and he's only got one."

An exchange says: start your boys on the right track. That's easier said than done; it requires considerable switching sometimes.

A wag has discovered a queer coincidence in the fact that while red is made from madder, bulls are made madder by red.

Teacher: "Have any animals a capacity for affection?' Class: 'Nearly all.' Teacher: 'Now, which animal possesses the greatest attachment for man?' Class: 'Woman.'

'Is Mr. Smith in? asked an Irish messenger. 'No,' was the reply; 'will you leave your name?' 'Och, muther,' cried pat, "do you think I'd be afther going home without my name?'

'I know I've got a vein of poetry in me, sir,' confidently asserted the young man to the editor, and all I want is a chance to bring it out. What would you suggest, sir?' 'I think you had better see a doctor and have it lanced.'

Some Sound Advice.—Customer (in restaurant): 'Gimme some broiled chicken, waiter, and as I'm in a big hurry, you had better bring it cold.' Waiter: 'If you'se in a big hurry, sah, I wud adwise yo' to take it hot.' Customer: 'Why?' Waiter: 'kase it'll take er long time for dat chicken to cool, sah.'

Remarkable Growth.—Has the town grown much in the last ten years. Mr. Snaffles? Grown? my, yes. Why this very lot we're standing on, I paid $10,000 for in 72. I sold it in 81 for $2,000, and had to buy it back on fo reclosure for $1,500. Stranger, you can see this town grow, but the trouble is, it's an ingrowing town.

Sandy's Compromise.—It is said that Sir Walter Scott, who liked a joke with his friends, met one day a half-witted fellow, who lived near Abbotsford, and said to him, "Sandie, I'l gi'e ye a thousand pounds if you let me kill you." "Na, na, Sir Walter," replied Sandy; 'but I'll compromise wi' ye, and let you kill me for half the money.'

A gentleman who had had the misfortune to lose three wives within a few years showed his continued confidence in the fair sex by taking unto himself a fourth. At the affair, some one having asked his fifteen-year-old daughter who had performed the ceremony, she innocently replied: 'Oh, Dr. Moor, I guess: he generally marries papa.'

An Ungreatful Horse.—One Spring morning a farmer went into his stable to harness up his horse for ploughing, when he perceived that the animal was dead. "This," said the farmer, gazing at the horse, 'is what I call unlimited gall. I'd like to be a horse myself under these circumstances. All winter long the miserable brute does nothing but eat and eat, and when Spring time comes, gentle Annie, when there is no work to be done, he just pegs out.'

Unnecessary Worry.—It was getting late when the girl said shyly: You look worried about somthing, Mr. Harkington.' 'I am,' he replied. 'I have in my pocket a $50,000 package of Government bonds which I foolishly forgot to deposit to-day, and—and aside from that I—I love you so devotedly, Miss Shermerhorn, I am afraid to learn my fate.' 'as for the bonds, Mr. Harkinton.' replied the girl with a business air, 'papa has a safe in the house and regarding the other matter why—why I think so many of us are apt to borrow trouble, Mr. Harkinton.'

A Philosopher has recently made a discovery that we are just as well off without the missing link as we would be if we had it, because if we had it there would be no longer a missing link.

St. Louis bookseller (to customer)—Books, sir! Yes, sir; what can I show you?

Customer—I've got my book-case pretty high filled up. I want something not over six inches high, and enough of 'em to occupy two feet an' a half of shelvin'.

'Don't you see that sign up there?' asked the grocer, pointing sternly to a placard on the wall bearing the fatefu words, 'No Credit Given Here.'

"Yes," replied the man, who had just asked for a barrel of flour on tick, "I see it. But how about the other sign up there on the other side, 'If You Don't See What You Want, Ask for It."

Duties on foreign cereals may be removed in France. Some people here would like to see a prohibitive duty put on American cereals.

It is superfluous for a candidate to say he will go before the people. He will go a long time before the people do—that is, to say, the whole people.

A Dollar's worth of postage stamps, well soaked, and with the gum side up, makes a most efficacious though somewhat expensive fly paper.

Among the most conspicuous cases of confidence in human nature are the people who swallow mixed drinks.

When you see a ruralite in a different fancy flannel shirt every day you may feel pretty certain that he is a drummer, wearing his samples.

PAT, THE BARREL AND THE BULLL.

THE REMARKABLE VOYAGE OF A LEWISTOWN MAN FROM IRELAND TO NEW JERSEY.

Lewistown Journal.

"How did you come over, Pat? was asked of a well-know laborer in the yard of one of the Lewistown mills after the story teller had done telling his story.

"I left home," he began, after expressions of diffidence, "when I was a lad, and my cousin says he to me. "My boy, my boy," and begorry I was sad' indeed. I didn't ship nor pay my passage. I didn't register on the ship's books, for them days were afore the steamship times. I just towed myself in the ship's hold until one day the churnin' and the thumpin' got that loud that I was afraid and I come aloft to the deck of the ship.

After he got on deck, his narrative continues, the Captain fell on him and gave him three lashings a day on his bare back, with unfailing regularity. This became so monotonous that one day he fell on his knees and plead for his life, and the Captain had a big cask rolled up out of the ship's hold, its head knocked in, a lot of food put into it, Patrick put into the cask, the head replaced, and, with only the bunghole open, the entire cask and contents rolled into the sea. For days he drifted on and on. "I had only the bunghole to look out of, and the great green waves all around me."

"How did you get water?"

"All the water I had to drink was what washed in the bunghole.

"And you like salt water?"

"Shure its only a matter of taste."

After Pat had drifted many days, and had begun to grow very fat from his inactivity, he one day felt the cask bumping on the shore and pretty soon was washed up high and dry.

With a certain naivete, he says that he had by this time begun to be sort of frightened. He saw no signs of life until after several hour some cows and bulls came roaming over the seashore, where they had come to drink. At this point it is better not to question the taste of cows for salt water. One of the bulls came smelling around his cask, and playfully leaned up against the bunghole to rest. Pat put out his hand and quietly grabbed the bull's tail. Then he pulled it through, and bracing his feet against the head of the cask, gave the tail a twist.

The bull awoke. He looked around. The cask had him. With a snort like the wrath of Jove he started. Whew! How he ran. He bounded over fields and hedges, into the streets of the city, past wharves and docks, past the Custom house, up to the city building where in weathering a street corner, he split the cask in twain over a lamp post, and Pat stood forth from his prison house of weeks, a free man.

He was in New Jersey.

WHY POOR MEN BLESS ROGER Q. MILLS.

From the Mt. Kisco [N. Y.] Recorder.

The advocates of the Mills bill say it will reduce the cost of living to America mechanics, and laborers, by putting the 'necessaries of life' on the free list. And this is how it does it;

Alum, without which no working man's table is complete, is put on the free list.

Chromate of iron, the laborer's daily tonic, on the free list.

Coal tar, the new discovery for making charlotte russe for American mechanics, on the free list.

Copperas, for laborers with strong stomachs, on the free list.

Unwrought clay, warranted very filling, and recommended for mechanics with large families, on the free list.

Aniline oil, good for salad for workingmen, on the free list.

Grindstones, another 'necessary of life,' to save your teeth, on the free fist.

Raw human hair, to be cooked to suit yourself, or to mix with the butter, on the free list.

Extract of hemlock, an excellent substitute for 'live forever,' good to wind up on, on the free list.

Resublimeb lodine, a dish that is the joy of youth and the solace of old age on the free list.

Tallow, a substitute for butter, and far superior for table use, on the free list. The Mills bill rests its reputation on this necessity of life and hopes to get the vote of every American workingman for this great stategy and daring.

Beeswax and grease, for griddle-cakes, knocks honey and butter all to pieces and is bound to supersede them for workingmen's use; on the free list.

THERE was a circus at Chestertown, Md., one day last week, and with it were seven elephants. Their car was run along side a locomotive. One of the elephants put his trunk out through a crevice in the car, reached over to the tender of the locomotive, lifted the lid of the water tank and helped himself. The other six elephants did the same, and in a short time the tank was dry. The train hands did not see the performance, and only when the engineer tried to start his engine did he find that the water was gone.

REPUBLICANS, do not trade.

People Pay Heavy Bills

For medicinal attendance and medicine. Sickness is expensive, and those with small incomes feel this burden keenly. The physician must sometimes be called but he is not needed one-tenth as often as many think. What is required is a family medicine; one that will relieve and cure those ailments which are liable to come at any season and to attack both sexes and all ages. Amid the host of articles that are offered to the public for this purpose nearly all are useless or worse than useless. It is no vain boast to say that the medicine herein mentioned is of a very different character. What it has done is known to multitudes of persons whom it has cured of weary and painful diseases. It has saved time, money and many dear and precious lives. Now please understand that as the life is in the blood so disease and death are in the blood. Get the poison out of the blood and life and health at once return to every part of the body. Dr. Brown's Sarsaparilla does this work quickly and surely through its direct and positive action upon the stomach, bowels, kidneys, liver and skin. For all waste and corrupt elements must be cast off by means of these channels. Rheumatism, scrofula, bronchitis, gout, consumption, malaria, catarrh, hay fever, all skin affections and eruptions are diseases of the blood.

Mr. George H. Wish, of the firm of Thaxter & Wish, Bangor, Me., was afflicted with a scrofulous humor which caused troublesome sores upon both his legs. Many remedies were used and several physicians consulted, without success. After taking Brown's Sarsaparilla a short time he was better, and soon the eruptions disappeared and he is now all right. This is only one of a thousand victories gained by

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"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may gradually be built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.* Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half pound tins, by Grocers labelled thus:

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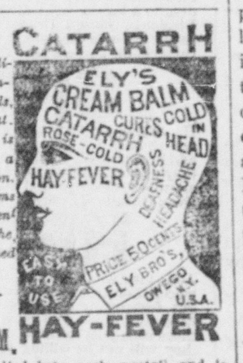

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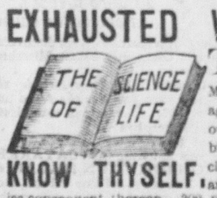

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SOME PLAIN FACTS.

A Prohibitionist Gives His Reasons for Supporting the Republican Ticket.

From Lock Haven Express.

John E. Joos, Chairmen of the Western Pennsylvania Leagues, said at the recent meeting of the "Personal Liberty League" in Philadelphia:

"The Prohibition amendment comes up before the Legislature at its next session. If it passes and is signed by Gov. Beaver, he will issue a proclamation for a special election. If the matter gets that far we will have prohibition in Pennsylvania as sure as two and two make four. We expect successfully to oppose the passage of the proposed amendment by electing men to the Legislature who will vote in accordance with *our* interests. We are not for the Republican or Democratic party, *but for the Beer party.*"

The above is a verbatim quotation, except italics from Mr. Joos' speech. The Republican party framed the act to submit the Prohibition amendment to the suffrages of the legal voters of Pennsylvania, and they voted for it *to a man*, and passed it once. They have pledged to pass it again, *and will do it*, without a doubt. When this is done, of course it will be signed by our Christian Governor, and be submitted to the people for their votes. So far as our State Legislature is concerned, the coming election is to be fought on the question, "*Shall this amendment be submitted to the people for their votes?*" The Democrats in the last Legislature, with two honorable exceptions, voted with this "*Beer party.*"

Now, the Democratic party is making an honorable fight to defeat the party which is pledged to submit this amendmet to the people. For this we cannot blame that party, as they are the *allies* of this saloon business as is shown by their votes on the Act to submit. But I want to know how you, my prohibitionist friend, can justify your action in uniting with the Democratic party in an effort to defeat the Republican party since the Republican party is doing precisely what you say ought to be done. Don't you think it is downright hypocricy in you to advocate Prohibition, and to vote and talk against it as you are doing? Every Prohibitionist speaker who goes before the people is hurling invectives against the Republican party, as a party of promises, but never performs; but it is trying to perform its promises now and you are trying to hinder it. You have joined in the hue and cry with the Democratic party against the Republican party of "free whiskey," yet you know that the Prohibition platform of your party has in it a demand that "The government cease to derive revenue from this nefarious business," or words to that effect. Then, when the Republican party proposed to take the revenue from alcoholic spirits used in the arts, you raise the hypocritical yell of "Free Whisky." You ridicule the resolution passed in the Chicago convention, favorable to temperance, as being a bait, yet it was passed with more enthusiasm than you will ever see in your "fag end" party. You ask, "Why did they not put a Prohibition plank in the platform?" I presume it is because the Republican party is not a Prohibition party, but a servant of a great majority of the people; ready to put such a plank in their platform as soon as public sentiment demands it. For a National party to insert such a plank in their platform, when only three States out of thirty-eight have said they want it, is supreme folly; and if any more States declare for prohibition they will have to do it as this State is now trying to do, get it in spite of the combined opposition of the Democratic and Prohibition parties. In every State where Prohibition has been obtained it has been done through the Republican party. I am a Prohibitionist "from away back," but I am not a third party anti-Prohibitionist, but shall cast my vote for that Christian soldier and statesman, Benjamin Harrison, and the Republican party. I hope the *Express* will give space for some third party man to defend himself, or to confess his error.

CONSISTENCY.

A Freak of Lightning.

Philadelphia Ledger.

Lightning performed a singular freak among the cattle of Washington Schmeck a farmer residing in Rescumb, Manor township, Berks county, this State. The fluid passed down the lightning rod on the stable until near the ground, when it passed through a stone wall and killed the first of four cows in one stall. Then the lightning passed through a heap of straw, but did not ignite it. On the opposite side of the stable six cows were chained, and from the first every cow was struck by the bolt and killed. It passed out through the wall again, and a Holstine bull was made a victim. The stone wall was scarcely injured.

WE hope that there is not a reader of this paper who will vote for Cleveland as his four years administration has proven what we had previously stated, that he is totally unfit to be president of these United States.

A Sound Legal Opinion.

E. Bainbridge Munday, Esq., County Atty., Clay Co., Tex., says: "Have used Electric Bitters with most happy results. My brother also was very low with malarial Fever and Jaundice, but was cured by timely use of this medicine. Am satisfied Electric Bitters saved his life."

Mr. D. L. Wilcoxson, of Horse Cave, Ky., adds a like testimony, saying: He positively believes he would have died, had it not been for Electric Bitters.

This great remedy will ward off as well as cure all Malarial Diseases, and for all Kidney, Liver and Stomach Disorders stands unequaled. Price 50c. and $1. at W. C. Kepfinger & Co's.

OH! MY HEAD.

The pain from Neuralgia and its companion disease Rheumatism is excruciating. Thousands who could be quickly cured are needlessly suffering. Ath-lo-pho-ros will do for others what it did for the following parties:

Williamsport, Ind., Oct. 3, 1887.

Having been afflicted with neuralgia for the past four years, and trying almost everything, but in vain, I finally heard of Athlophoros. After taking one bottle I found it to be helping me, and after taking four bottles of Athlophoros and one of Pills, I found that I was entirely well. I think the medicine is positively a sure cure.

CHAUNCEY B. REDDICK.

Mt. Carmel, Ill., Dec. 26, 1887.

I have used Athlophoros in my family and find it to be the greatest medicine for neuralgia in existence and having had its fangs fastened upon me for the past 30 years I know whereof I speak. MRS. JULIA CHILTON.

Send 6 cents for the beautiful colored picture, "Moorish Maiden."

THE ATHLOPHOROS CO. 112 Wall St. N.Y.

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The cabinet organ was introduced in its present form by Mason & Hamlin in 1861. Other makers followed in the manufacture of these instruments, but the Mason & Hamlin Organs have always maintained their supremacy as the best in the world.

Mason & Hamlin offer, as demonstration of the unequalled excellence of their organs, the fact that at all of the great World's Exhibitions, since that of Paris, 1867, in competition with best makers of all countries, they have invariably taken the highest honors. Illustrated catalogues $22 TO $1000. free.

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Mason & Hamlin do not hesitate to make the extraordinary claim for their pianos, that they are superior to all others. They recognize the high excellence achieved by other leading makers in the art of piano building, but still claim superiority. This they attribute solely to the remarkable improvement introduced by them in the year 1882, and now known as the "MASON & HAMLIN PIANO STRINGER," by the use of which is secured the greatest possible purity and refinement of tone, together with greatly increased capacity for standing in tune and other important advantages.

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A circular, containing testimonials from three hundred purchasers, musicians, and tuners, sent, together with descriptive catalogue, to any applicant.

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Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office on High street. 13 2tf

J. G. LOVE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late Hon. Judge Hoy. Ja4'71-tf

PATRICK O'FARRELL,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
—and—
Solicitor of Patents, Pensions and Claims

Hdqrs. JOHN A RAWLINS' POST No. 1,
Department of the Potomac G A R,
Washington, D C, March 15, 1886.

Comrade O'FARRELL, Adjutant of this Post, is doing good work for our comrades in his profession and business as an attorney and claim agent. The Captain was a brave soldier during the late war. He is a good lawyer and an honest man. Comrades throughout the country, who place their business in his care, will be honestly dealt with. C G BOLLINGER, Commander

1319 F Street, N W,
Washington, D. C.
Formerly Capt Co G, 69th N Y, (Corcoran Irish Legion). 20 26 tf

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Directly opposite Academy of Fine Arts, three squares from Academy of Music and Horticultural Hall; one block from the new City Hall and the Pennsylvania railway passenger depot; adjoins the National Surgical Institution; half block from Masonic Temple, and within three squares of the Philadelphia & Reading passenger depot.

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14-21-tf

Shaving Saloons.

WM. MILLS
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen under Centre county bank building High street, Bellefonte, Pa.

Petrified Chestnuts.

Why is a cat's tail like the earth? It is fur to the end.

What kin is the door-mat to the door? A step fa(r)ther.

What is a waist of time? The middle of an hour glass.

Why does an old maid wore mittens? To keep off the chaps.

Why is a doctor never seasick? He is used to see sickness.

What is the board of education? The schoolmaster's shingle.

Why is a doctor in a potential mood? It's would, or should be.

What sticketh closer than a brother? A postage stamp, by gum.

Why is a tin can tied to a dog's tail like death? Its bound to occur.

Why does a sailor know there's a man in the moon? He has been to sea.

Why is the North Pole like an illicit whisky manufactory? It is a secret still.

What is it that will give a cold, cure a cold and pay the doctor's bill? A draught.

What does a man take when he has a cross wife? He takes an elixir (he licks her.)

Why is it easy to get in an old man's house? Because his gait is broken and his locks are few.

Why is a man who makes pens very wicked? He makes people steel pens and says they do write.

Why is a Democratic official like a church bell? One steels from the people and the other peals from the steeple.

Why is it dangerous to go out in spring? Because the trees shoot, the flowers have pistils and the bullrush is out.

What is the difference between a dog's tail and a rich man? One keeps a wagging and the other keeps a carriage.

What is the difference between a soldier and a pretty woman? One faces the powder and the other powders the face.

What is the difference between an apple and a pretty girl? One you squeeze to get cider and the other you get 'side her to squeeze.

—The October Dance, Friday evening, was a brilliant success.

Tea.

"The cup which cheers but does not inebriate."

We have had considerable experience in buying and selling tea, and have always found that much of the tea that is put upon the market is poor stuff. That is no doubt one reason why the people of this town and county use more coffee than tea, yet it is a fact that pure tea is one of the healthiest beverages that has come into common use among the people of the world. There are certain diseases that prevail in this country to considerable extent, diseases of the stomach and kidneys that do not prevail to so large an extent among communities where more tea is drank. We will not say that it is the coffee that is the cause of this, but will leave that for the physician to determine. We only state a fact, draw your own conclusions and we believe that notwithstanding all that has been said about colored teas, etc., that after all tea has been as a whole one of the most invigorating and healthful drinks that has come into common use, and when it is perfectly pure nothing is better. To secure a good article and one put up in the best way we have secured from the Japan tea syndicate of Yokahama and Hiogo Japan two of their best brands of Japan tea, put up in their Perfection tea cans. This tea is put up in these cans in Japan by a patent process which retains all the virtue of the tea leaf and is not touched by human hands, therefore is perfectly clean. and here we will give a short history of the Perfection tea can.

Not long ago, a number of firms largely interested in the Japan Tea culture, determining to supply the American public with PURE TEAS, which could not be adulterated, mixed or otherwise tampered with between exporter and consumer, obtained the controll of the PERFECTION TEA CAN as the most suitable package for their purpose. This can consisting of sheet tin pressed wholesale by machinery, merely takes the place of, and costs no more than, the ordinary lead lining of bulk chests; and furthermore by special act of the Treasury Department at Washington (August 7th, 1882), it is admitted to pass the Custom House at all American ports DUTY FREE.

Having thus secured a package much handier, just as cheap, and forming a much better protection for the tea than the ordinary bulk chest, (whose preservative functions are lost as soon as the lead lining is cut) the exporters determined that the advantages of this package should be enjoyed not by ONE class of consumers but by ALL and are therefore shipping teas of ALL GRADES to suit EVERY PURSE and EVERY PALATE in these cans, subject to the proviso that ALL these teas are PURE, and NONE below a fixed standard of quality. The close and compact structure of the can accounts for the aroma and bouquet of the tea remaining as fresh as when the lid was pressed on at the time of packing, the very air of Japan being enclosed along with the leaf.

NOTE.—*See that the tea in cans purchased by you are stamped on the bottom "Perfection Tea Can," as only such packages have the exporters' guarantee of purity, good quality, and of having been cured by the Perfection Process (Patented)....the only patent ever issued for the curing of tea.*

The Japan Tea syndicate of Yokohama send this message to their American patrons, the retail merchant.

We would respectfully remind those merchants to whom we export pure teas in Perfection Tea Cans, that in spite of the pains we have taken to purchase the particular quality ordered by them, and the care we have exercised in curing the leaf by the Perfection Process, and afterwards preventing its deterioration by packing it, while hot, into the cans, our efforts will still be unavailing, unless the consumer pays as much attention to infusing, after buying, as he has done to buying the pure leaf from you in the first instance. We would, therefore, respectfully suggest the propriety of submitting to each of your patrons our advice, which, if followed, will certainly insure appreciation of the true merite of your brand of tea.

They therefore offer the following ten commandments.

1st. Use only tea that is well protected by being kept in tight cans.

"Tea is an article so subject to deteriortion that its quality cannot be relied on unless purchased and kept in a tight can. As the Japan Tea Syndicate exports no poor or low grade teas in the Perfection Tea can the consumer is assisted in his selection of a Tea.

2. USE ALWAYS A UNIFORM QUANTITY OF TEA:-

One tea spoonful for each person is considered a fair proportion by most, but having once settled upon a fixed quantity it should be constantly maintained.

3. BE SURE THAT THE TEA-POT IS CLEAN:-

In Japan earthen ware tea-pots are preferred.

4. HEAT THE TEA-POT BEFORE INFUSING:-

This practice ensures the full effect of the boiling water.

5. Use soft water in preference to hard:-

6. Use only boiling water:-

The water should be boiled fresh before use. Water that has been boiling for any considerable time affects the tea with what we in Japan, where purity and delicacy of flavor are appreciated, characterize as a "brackish" taste.

7. Steep the leaves 7 to 10 minutes:-

Longer steeping makes the infusion harsh and spoils its flavor.

8. Never boil tea:-

If however, you insist on boiling the leaves, buy only the cheapest tea, as by boiling the leaves you will never appreciate the true merit of a Perfection Canned Tea.

9. Use neither sugar nor milk with tea:-

If custom or habit demands this addition, use good refined sugar and cream.

10. Encourage the efforts of the association formed to ensure the American public obtaining an article pure as in Japan by insisting on your merchant furnishing you. a pure article and one that has not been allowed to be exposed in such a manner as to hurt its quality."

We offer these suggestions of the Japan Tea Syndicate as perhaps of value to some of our customers and also to show to them the effort that is being made to supply the American market with a good pure article.

REMEMBER:

While the Perfection Tea Can is a guarantee of the Purity of the contents, and also that the tea contained therein has been cured by the Perfection Process, though the style of packing is uniform, the Grades of the Tea are at different prices, according to quality—With the compliments of The Japan Tea Syndicate, Yokohama and Hiega, Japan.

The Blossom Tea one of the Japan teas we offer consists entirely of the earliest picked (and therefore the tenderest) uncolored leaves of the tea plant. This is justly held to be the cause of the remarkable delicacy of flavor which distinguished this Brand of Tea, which is sold at one dollar per pound.

The White Cross is also a fine grade of Japan Tea and is sold at 80 cents a pound. These are put up in the perfection tea can. We have also a fine grade of Japan tea at 60 cents a pound but this is in bulk. Lovers of young Hyson will find at the Eureka Grocery an article that will give them perfect satisfaction and at as low or lowor price than same grade can be found elsewhere. This is Chinese tea and of course is put up in the old way. We have also Oolong in bulk and the Formosa brand of Oolong in tin cases very fine. Our English Breakfast tea it is impossible to excell and is put up in tin cases also. These teas are all fine goods. We have assumed so far that the Bellefonte and Centre Co. market would demand at least a fair article in this line of goods, We can however obtain cheaper teas if we find there is a demand for them though we do not intend to handle worthless stuff at any price. We would earnestly request those who use good tea to call and inspect our stock as we feel confident that you will be pleased with it.

Eureka Grocery Co. No. 61 West High street, Bellefonte, Pa.

A. V. SMITH, Manager.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, CENTRE CO., PA.,

A Weekly Political and Family Journa

CIRCULATION THROUGHOUT CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - Editor and Proprietor
HIRAM TORREY, - - Corresponding Editor

REGULAR ADVERTISING RATES.—Twenty cents a ne for first insertion.
Special Notices, Twenty cents a line each inser-on.
Annual and Six Months' Contracts at Special Rates

WHAT IT MEANS

WHY SPANGLER AND FORTNEY WANT CENTRE COUNTY DEMOCRATIC.

MORE JOBS ON HAND

DEMOCRATIC COMMISSIONERS AND THEIR ATTORNEY TAKE THE CAKE,

And at the Same Time Rob the Taxpayers of Centre County of About Three Thousand Dollars Cash.—Something for the Farmers and All to Think Over.

To those who know the condition of affairs it is no mystery why Attorneys Spangler and Fortney and their associates, such as ex-Judge Orvis, are so anxious to retain Centre county in the Democratic column. They are bending every political energy and scouring every nook and corner in the county, appealing to the voters to cast their ballots for Holt, McCormick and the entire Democratic ticket, even going so far as to labor with Republicans, telling them that should the Protection ticket win everything would go to the dogs.

THAT $3,000 ROBBERY.

It will open the eyes of the taxpayers when they read the following statements of facts, as gathered from records in the County Commissioners' office, where they can be seen by any one who may doubt what is here published:

On March 31, 1885, the Democratic County Commissioners, Messrs. Griest and Wolf, entered into an agreement with their attorney, D. F. Fortney, who associated with himself J. L. Spangler, Esq., and an attorney from Philadelphia by the name of James W. M. Newlin, to collect from the State $8,909.85, which the Commissioners, by their own incompetency and that of their attorney, illegally paid into the State treasury as taxes on horses and cattle, when none were collectable on that property.

Thus the taxpayers will see that in the first place they were robbed of almost *nine thousand dollars* through an incompetent Board of Commissioners and their attorney.

Had the Commissioners and their attorney been honest, after they saw the blunder they had made, and learned that the amount could be re-collected from the State, they would have gone about it themselves and corrected their own mistake, without spending almost half of the amount as a collecting fee. Fortney was hired by the commissioners at a stipulated yearly salary and had no right to charge extra for doing work which he neglected before. But, by and with the advice and consent of the Democratic commissioners, he exacets almost three thousand dollars more from the county. The contract was, to collect the amount due the county for 30 per cent. of the amount.

That is, each one of the three attorneys interested was to receive ten per cent. of the $8,909.85, or making a total of $2,672.95. Just think of paying nearly three thousand dollars of the tax payers' money for the blunders and incompetency of two or three county officials! That is the Democratic machine and remnants of the court house ring for you! While they were ousted last year, the same fellows are to the front this year and are moving every section of Centre county to elect the Democratic ticket. They fear a loss of patronage in case the people should not elect McCormick and Holt to the Legislature.

THEY WANT MORE JOBS.

Attorneys Fortney and Spangler and their associates are to-day traveling Centre county making speeches, piteously appealing to the voters to vote the Democratic ticket. What for? For no other reason than to permanently restore the Democracy in the county to power, so as to be in a position to effect future jobs and robberies, similar to the one above quoted. They know full well that if the Republicans are in power such thieving schemes will not be allowed.

Is Lawyer Fortney, Lawyer Spangler or any of their gang the proper person to tell the intelligent people of Centre county how to vote? Isn't it an insult to every honest man for speakers with such a record to run wildly over this county, frantically gesticulating and shrieking parrot-like "The Tariff is a Tax," and must be removed?

A pretty spectacle indeed!

HOW THEY DREW THE MONEY.

These saintly remnants of the court house ring, Fortney and Spangler, on July 11, 1887, drew from the county treasury $800, cash; on October 20, 1887 they drew out $500 more in cash, and on April 11, 1888 the enormous sum of $1,372.95. If any one doubts these amounts let him go to the commissioners office and he will find the first named amount was drawn on order No. 1159; the second on order No. 1473 and the last one on order 285 of this year. Be it said to Commissioner Henderson's credit, that he refused to sign the contract Griest and Wolf made with Fortney and Spangler, but the agreement being signed by the majority members of the board at the time, it held good until all the details of the contract were carried out. The last payment was made under vigorous protest by the Republican board, but they could not help it under the foolish contract into which the two sleek lawyers had drawn Griest and Wolf.

WILL THE VOTERS ENDORSE IT?

Now, the writer asks again, are these the kind of characters which people want to have instruct them and tell them how to vote? And if any men in the county are more active or anxious for the election of the Democratic ticket than Fortney, Spangler and Orvis, one of whom is just as bad as another, the GAZETTE has failed to find them. Will the farmers who are so heavily taxed vote to support such a gay trio of sleek tongued lawyers, who rob them at the first opportunity? And the candidates endorsed by them are no better.

A bad gang indeed!—*Keystone Gazette.*

Hon. Thomas Murray's Address.

As had been predicted the Republican club room was most densely packed on Tuesday evening. The cornet band was present and its efforts were duly appreciated. Chairman Love presided and Walter Bayard filled the secretary's place. The chief speaker did not arrive until the evening train came and the early part of the evevning was occupied with addresses by the Chairman, by Mr. Samuel B. Miller and W. E. Gray, Esq.

Mr. Murray delivered the best political address given in this place this campaign. He had not time to discuss the tariff so he only touched upon some of the subjects which come in as incidental to the main issue. He scored Cleveland most scathingly for his insincerity, perfidy and general inefficiency. His use of the veto power 300 times when it had been used only 75 times in the entire history of the country was strongly compared. Of these vetoes 206 were against Union soldiers, showing that the has no sympathy for them. He also showed that Thurman is in the same category, he having reported the resolution in the Democratic convention of 1864 saying that the Rebellion was unjustifiable.

He showed that the effect of the Mills bill on the industries of the country may be gleaned by the fact that six of the eight men who made the majority report in its favor are from states which have altogether only 200,000 laborers engaged in manufacturing industries, less in number than the one state of Pennsylvania. As to the surplus he quoted words of approval from Thomas Jefferson who had to deal with a surplus which in the same ratio of comparison with the wealth of the country would now equal $450,000,000. So far as the reduction of war taxes is concerned, the Republicans have reduced $300,000,000 and Democrats with the same chance, only $6,000,000. There really is no surplus if the Nation's debts were paid. The Democrats are using this money as a political corruption fund.

His address was direct, choice in language and impressive in sentiment. He is the strongest reasoner and most polished speaker in Central Pennsylvania.

Slandering a Citizen.

We do not see the *Item*, for the reason that it is not left at this office, but we hear that it is already engaged in the work of slandering one of Bellefonte's best citizens.

It stated, the other day, that A. G. Morris had discharged eighteen Americans and hired foreigners in their places. Mr. Samuel Shaffer, the Superintendent, called at the *Item* office and, in the absence of Mr. Bible, told Howard Spangler (who stated that he was then in charge,) that the statement that eighteen Americans had been discharged was false, but that foreigners had been employed to do work for the performance of which Americans could not then be secured. He asked that a correction be printed in accordance with this statement.

When the correction appeared it represented Mr. Shaffer as using language such as no gentleman would use, several of the expressions being oaths, and also calling him Elder Shaffer, in reference to his official position in the Presbyterian church. Mr. Shaffer, of course, never used any of the expressions credited to him and he is willing to pay $500 to any one who has ever heard him make use of such language. When the *Item* makes a misstatement it should be willing to correct it without villifying the person who asks for such corrections.

Four Books Learned in One Reading.

From the Chaplain of Exeter College, and Houghton Syriac Prizeman, Oxford.

Dear Sir:—In April, 1885, while thinking of taking orders in September, I suddenly received notice that my ordination examination would be held in a fortnight. I had to break up my home, and, as a consequence I had only *ten* (10) days in which to prepare for the Exam. I should recommend a *year's* preparation in the case of anyone so utterly unprepared as I was; but your *System had so strengthened my natural memory*, that I was able to remember and give the gist of any *book after it once*. I therefore *read* Lightfoot, Procter, Harold Browne, Mosheim, &c., &c., *once*, and was *successful* in *every one* of the *nine* papers. The present Bishop of Edinburg knows the facts, for he lent me the books. Faithfully yours, [Rev.] JAMES MIDDLETON MACDONALD, [M. A.] To Prof. A. Loisette, Coll. Exon. Oxon., September. 1888.

A Few Earnest Words to Friends.

The serious concern which we feel at the near approach of an important Presidential election—probably the most important since the election of Lincoln—says the *Friends' Intelligencer and Journal*, impels us to submit a few thoughts to Friends, especially to those who may think of voting the Prohibition ticket.

Four years ago almost on the eve of the election, we counselled Friends concerning the danger of voting for the third party movement. The result justified our fears. Because of the votes then cast for the Prohibition ticket, many of them no doubt cast by persons who little apprehended so lamentable a consequence, the Democratic candidate was elected, and the party, which, with all its shortcomings, represents far more nearly than the other the temperance cause, as well as the other reform principles, was defeated.

Our concern is not against the person who was then elected and who now, a second time, solicits your votes (either directly for himself or indirectly by having you to vote for the third party candidate), but against the influences which he represents, and which in our opinion are opposed to many of the Friend's principles, and to the welfare of the Nation.

First, the course of Cleveland's administration upon the Indian question, has been subversive of much of the good which Friends and others, with the countenance of the Government if with little actual aid from it, have accomplished. Honest and capable Indian agents have been displaced to make room for greedy, immoral and dishonest men, who have done untold mischief. Obnoxious and absurd relations have been established concerning the instruction given in the Indian schools, even when entirely supported by private or society charity. New attempts have been made, and not sufficiently, if at all, resisted by the Government, to deprive the Indians of their lands. In general, the old abominations of the treatment of the Indians by white men, have been tolerated, and even brought into practice by the existing administration which you are now invited to approve and to renew.

Secondly: The oppression of the colored people in the Southern States has been growing more and more fixed and systematic, while in several states there is no pretense of allowing the colored men that right of suffrage which was supposed to to be one of the best fruits of the recent dreadful civil war. Wherever any apprehension has been felt by the late slaveholders that their absolute rights might be endangered by the outnumbering votes of the colored men, enough of these have been killed or beaten to intimidate the blacks from voting, and when even this did not suffice, false votes, sufficient to overwhelm the votes of the blacks, have been put into the ballot boxes and counted. This is the work of the party which you are now invited to support by casting your free Northern votes for Cleveland, or for his ally, the Prohibition candidate.

Thirdly: It is notorious that the administration party works most harmoniously with the Whiskey Trusts and the drinking saloons, deriving from them much of the money with which it seeks to perpetuate its power. The reasonable and practicable legislation by which the vice of drinking has been in many places so greatly curtailed, has been generally the work of Republicans, the outcry for impossible measures which practically operate to leave all existing evils of liquor-selling in full blast, is the work of Democrats and their allies [often their unconscious and unwilling allies] of the Prohibition party.

Fourthly: The present Democratic administration, which now asks for your approval, and for continuance in power has undertaken at the instance of the lately rebellious South and of our always dangerous foreign rivals, to break down and destroy, as rapidly as possible, the defenses which enable our working people whether farmers, artisans or manufacturers, to obtain steady work at higher wages than are paid in any other part of the world. This last named policy of tariff destruction has been so conspicuously set forth by President Cleveland as his chief aim, and has been so emphatically approved by the Democratic conventions and newspapers, that it has been made the principal issue between the parties, the Democrats evidently hoping that attention will thereby be diverted from their ultimate purpose of placing the South, with all its barbarisms, once more in full control of the National government.

We ask Friends to carefully consider. The contest will probably be a close one, and it may be decided by a few votes in New York, or in New Jersey. Those Friends before whom this appeal comes, who have thought of voting with the third party, may be sufficient in number to turn the scale. We submit to them that, in holding for the time their prohibition views in abeyance, they compromise no principle. By voting now for the Republican candidates they simply relegate to the future a question which is not now before us, while assisting by their votes in the advancement of several concerns which are held dear by Friends, and in preventing the overthrow of that beneficent system of Protection to Home Industry which is now threatened by a United South and by its allies, the Northern Democrats, aided by foreign money and influence.

There things are forced upon our attention and they cannot be evaded. These are the points upon which all of us are *now* called to express our calm and serious decision. Other questions will demand similar decision at other times. Let us not fail in our present duty.

This appeal is signed by Joseph Wharton and Isaac H. Clothier.

—Ice is not in much demand.

—Political meetings are numerous.

—Hasten with all sorts of out door work.

—The meeting at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon in Y. M. C. A. hall continues only one hour.

—The anniversary of the Y. M. C. A. will be held in the Presbyterian church on Sunday evening, the 18th.

—Eggs and butter are going up in price and are not going down in any respect for the reason that none can be found to go down.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Packer, of Curtin township, celebrated their golden wedding anniversary on Tuesday. It was a large and pleasant gathering of friends.

—There will be a grand Protection meeting at Mt. Eagle, this county, on Saturday evening. Every friend of Protection, in that vicinity, is cordially invited to be present. Wilbur F. Reeder and James Hamill, Esqs., will be the speaers.

—The property known as the Hasson Farm in Harris township, consisting of 176 acres, will be sold on Friday, November 30th, at 1 o'clock p. m., sale to take place on the premises. W. P. Hasson, of Lemont, and W. W. Leech, of Boalsburg, are the executors.

Deservedly popular.—We mean Laxador, for everybody has derived much benefit from its use. Physicians recommend it. Sold everywhere.

If you want your baby to look bright do not put it to sleep with laudanum when restless, but use Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. 25 cents a bottle.

Dr. Agnew's Resignation.

Dr. J. William White, a member of the medical faculty of the University of Pennsylvania, said Sunday night that Dr. D. Hayes Agnew, one of the leading surgeons of Philadelphia, who earned national fame in his profession, had announced his intention of resigning the chair of surgery in the University this winter or early next spring. Dr. White said that advancing years was Dr. Agnew's reason for relinquishing his charge. The eminent surgeon is nearly 70 years old, and he desires to give up active practice.

Dr. Agnew's most conspicuous services were performed at the bedside of President Garfield. It is intimated that Dr. White will fill Dr. Agnew's position in the University, but he modestly declines to say anything farther on that point.—Philadelphia Times.

"Does your mother know you're out," said a boy to his little brother. "Yes, she does," was the answer, "for one bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup has knocked my cold into a cocked hat, you bet."

A few applications of Salvation Oil will instantly relieve stiffness in the neck or joints. 25 cents.

If your face is marked with blotches,
And eruptions mar your skin,
You may bet your bottom dollar
There is something wrong within.
'Tis the blood. To purify it
There is nothing half so good,
As the G. M. D. is—try it!
To be clearly understood
I will explain that G. M. D. means "Golden Medical Discovery" (Dr. Pierce's) the popular remedy for debility, lung-troubles, and weak, impoverished blood, which like scrofula, shows its presence in the system in blotches, eruptions and pimples.

Perfection is attained in Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK
THE GREAT REMEDY FOR PAIN
For Lumbago.

FRESH, STRONG EVIDENCE.

All Right! Frost, Ohio, May 25, 1888. Suffered a year with pains in the back; walked with a cane; St. Jacobs Oil cured me; back all right. A. BALL.

Bed-ridden. Victoria, Texas, June 28, 1888. In bed two months with back-ache; suffered about 3 months. Was cured by St. Jacobs Oil, permanently; no return in 14 months. G. W. JEFFERSON.

Prompt. Port Byron, Ill., May 22, 1888. Last Spring was taken with lame back and suffered months; was cured by St. Jacobs Oil and have had no return of pain. JACK GILLESPIE.

Sure. Danver, Ill., May 22, 1888. I suffered with pain in back about 10 months ago which lasted two months. I was cured by St. Jacobs Oil, and there has been no return of pain. WILLIAM STREHLITZ.

Permanent. Fenton, Mich., May 20, 1888. About the Spring of '87 was taken with aches and pains in hips and back; was cured by one bottle of St. Jacobs Oil and has remained permanent ever since. G. CHRIS. FUNNELL.

AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

How Not to Catch Cold.

Make your sneezing husband read this from the Albany *Journal*: 'It has taken me twenty years to learn the secret of escaping colds in changeable weather, and especially in fall and winter. The secret lies in the wearing of proper underclothing. I have three sets of clothing, and according to the temperature of the day I wear one or the other of these sets. I wear enough to keep warm, no matter how cold it may be, but not to be too warm at any time. I undertake to say that any man who will study the temperature and study his own comfort, and provide himself with sufficient underclothing of a variety of weights, can go through any weather without a touch of cold or rheumatism and without paying a penny for doctor's bill.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE
Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK
Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD
Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE
is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WM. RADAM'S

MICROBE KILLER
The Great GERM or BACTERIA DESTROYER.
To Cure Disease, Remove the Cause.

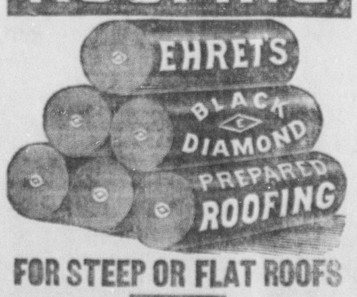
Physicians, by scientific researches, have discovered that Germs or Baccilli commonly called Microbes, are the cause of disease.

The MICROBE KILLER CURES by *destroying the microbes*; at the same time *purifies the blood* and *builds up the system*. Mr. Radam has established Factory No. 4 in Philadelphia.

Office at 819 Arch Street.

Invalids and persons suffering from CATARRH, BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, MALARIA, RHEUMATISM, Diseases of the Blood, etc., by writing or calling at above address, will receive circulars giving the history of the MICROBE KILLER and the cures it has made. Agencies will be established in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, and District of Columbia, which this Factory will supply. This Germicide is

A SURE RESTORATIVE TO HEALTH.

ROOFING


FOR STEEP OR FLAT ROOFS
CAN BE PUT ON BY ANY PERSON.

THOUSANDS OF ROLLS SOLD ANNUALLY FOR BUILDINGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

SEND FOR NEW CIRCULAR, CONTAINING PRICE LIST AND REFERENCES.

AGENTS WANTED.

M. EHRET, JR. & CO.
SOLE MANUFACTURERS,
423 Walnut Street, PHILADELPHIA.

EXECUTOR'S SALE—Of valuable farm property. The executor's will offer at public sale, on the premises, on

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1888,

at 1 o'clock p. m., the property known as the Hasson Farm, located in Harris township, and belonging to estate of the late John Hasson. It consists of 176 acres, 150 acres of which is cleared. It is excellent farming land. There is located thereon a log, weather boarded dwelling house, good barn and all the usual outbuildings. A stream of fresh running water flows through the farm.

TERMS:—One half cash, balance in one and two year payments, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

W P HASSON, Lemont P. O.,
W W LEECH, Boalsburg P. O.
Executors.

20 44 5t*

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias, Levari Facias and Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, and to me directed, will be exposed at public sale at the Court House, in the Borough of Bellefonte, on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 24, A. D. 1888,

at 1.30 o'clock P. M., the following described property, to wit:

—No 1—

ALL that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the Borough of Bellefonte, beginning at a point on Curtin street at the northwest corner of J C Waddle's lot, thence south 200 feet to Church alley; thence by Church alley west 50 ft. to lot late of J P Harris (now Brachbill's); thence north 200 ft. to Curtin street; thence along Curtin street 50 ft. to the place of beginning; being the same lot which J P Harris has by deed dated Sept. 30, 1884, conveyed to John W. McGarvey.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of John W McGarvey.

—No 2—

ALL that certain messuage tenement and tract of land situate in Ferguson twp., Centre county, Pa., bounded on the east by Wm Garner, on the south by public road, on the west by lands of Albert Hoy and on the north by lands of D W Shrivery, containing 150 acres more or less. Thereon erected a good dwelling house, good bank barn and other outbuildings.

—No 3—

ALSO, all that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in Patton township, Centre Co., Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the east by Moses Thompson, on the south by land of Robert Reed, on the west by land of George Biddle and Moses Thompson, and Wm. Biddle, on the north by Moses Thompson, containing 262 acres more or less. Thereon erected a good frame dwelling house, bank barn and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Guyer Mattern and C W Gray, trading as Mattern & Gray.

—No 4—

ALL that certain piece or tract of land situate in Gregg township, Centre county, Penn'a, bounded and described as follows: bounded on the east by land of Daniel Runkle, on the south and west by land of James Hannah and on the north by land of Daniel Runkle, containing about 18 acres. Thereon erected one two-story frame dwelling house, shop, barn and other outbuildings

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Wm. Ripka.

—No 5—

ALL that certain lot of ground situate in the township of Spring, county of Centre, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: beginning at the northeast corner of 5th Avenue and Penn street, thence east along said 5th Avenue 50 feet to lot of L L Brown; thence north along said lot of L L Brown 150 feet to lot of Wm B and John Rankin; thence west along said lot of Wm B and John Rankin 50 feet to Penn St.; thence south along Penn St. 150 ft. to place of beginning, being a lot 50 feet front on 5th Avenue by 150 feet deep.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of C U Hoffer.

—No 6—

ALL that certain messuage or tract of land situate in Spring township, Centre county, Pa., on the turnpike leading from Bellefonte to Lewistown, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at white oak stump, thence south 28° east 9 perches to a post; thence north 62° east 17.77 perches to a post; thence north 28° west 9 perches to a post; thence south 62° west 17.77 perches to place of beginning, containing 1 acre. Thereon erected one two-story frame dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of William Showers.

—No 7—

ALL that certain messuage, tenement and lot of ground situate in the town of Snow Shoe, township of Snow Shoe, county of Centre and state of Pennsylvania, known and designated on the general plan or plot of said town as lot No 268, containing in front on 4th street 60 feet and extending back 200 feet to an alley, bounded and described as follows: On the west by Mitchel Leathers, on the east by Mrs. H E Thompson, on the south by an alley and on the north by 4th St. Thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house 20x36 feet with back kitchen 12x14 feet, stable, ice house and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Joseph Thompson.

—No 8—

ALL the tenement, messuage and lot of ground situate in the Borough of Bellefonte, bounded on the north by Logan street, on the east by lot of James McCauley, on the south by other lands, now late of Charles McCafferty and on the west by lot of Martha Smulls, fronting 50 feet on Logan street and extending back 200 feet. Thereon erected a two and one half story frame dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Charles McCafferty.

—No 9—

ALL that certain messuage or tract of land situate in the township of College, Centre Co., Pa., eginning at a post near the public road leading to Bellefonte, thence north 24½° west 3 perches to post; thence south 55° west 32 perches to a post; thence north 26° west 10 perches to a stone; thence south 55° west 189 perches to a stone; thence south 35° east 95 perches to a stone; thence north 55° east 172 perches to a post on a line of land of A. A. Henderson; thence north 55° east 5 perches to a hickory; thence north 2½° east 38 perches to a black oak; thence north 12° west 29 perches to a white oak; thence north 18° east 32 perches to a black oak; thence north 68½° east 65 perches to a post; thence north 72° east 28 perches to a post, thence north 35° west 50.2 perches to white oak; thence south 55° west 91.2 perches to a post, the place of beginning, containing 158 acres, more or less with allowance. Reserving and excepting, nevertheless, about 21 acres and 124 perches, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a black oak thende north 70½° east 65 perches; thence north 73½° east 29.3 perches to corner of other lands of E U Humes; thence north 33½° west 50.7 perches to a white oak; thence east 56½° west 90 perches to post in public road leading to Lemont; thence south 25½° east 21.8 perches to post in said road; thence south 79½° east 5.6 perches to the place of beginning. Thereon erected one two-story dwelling house, bank barn, out kitchen and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John B. Starkwick.

—No 10—

ALL that certain messuage, lot or parcel of ground situate in Pine Grove Mills, Ferguson township, Centre Co., Pa., bounded and described as follows: On the north by State street, on the east by lot of J E Thomas, on the south by an alley and on the west by lot late of George Musser. Thereon erected one two-story frame dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings.

—No 11—

ALSO, all that certain tract of land situate in Harris township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at stones, thence by land of Henry Meyer north 73½° east 186.4 perches to stones; thence by land late of Jacob Hurst north 25° west 63 perches to stones; thence north 81½° west 53.4 perches to stones; thence by land of Mrs Sarah Potter north 88° west 26 perches to stones; thence south 72° west 34 perches to stones, thence north 87° west 26 perches to a post; thence north 21° east 13 perches to stones; thence north 65° west 4 perches to stones; thence north 27° west 1 perch to a post; thence north 22° west 15.5 perches to a post; thence north 67¾° west 19.2 perches to a post; thence north 36° west 10 perches to stones; thence by land of George Swab north 53° west 52.5 perches to stones; thence by lands of Daniel Hess north 78° west 9 perches to stones; thence by lands of Mrs. Eliza Curtin south 11° east 68.3 perches to stones; thence south 66¾° west 2.2 perches to stones; thence by lands of Cyrus Durst south 20° east 91.5 perches to a white oak; thence south 5° east 4.5 perches to the place of beginning, containing 112 acres and 60 perches. Thereon erected one two story dwelling house, bank barn and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Jonathan Hess.

TERMS: No deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money be paid in full.

ROBERT COOKE, JR., Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa., Oct. 30th 1888.
20 44 4t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE. Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Mrs. Eve McBride, late of College twp. deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement to

ANGELINE MCBRIDE Executrix.
Bellefonte, Pa.
Oct. 18, 1888. 6 times

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Mary Henderson, late of Taylor township, Centre county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them, duly authenticated for settlement to

DARIUS WAITE, Administrator,
Hastings & Reeder, Bellefonte, Pa.
Attorneys. 20 43 6t

OUR WINTER STOCK IS IN AND THERE NEVER WAS SUCH AN IMMENSE STOCK OF GOODS BROUGHT TO BELLEFONTE.

We Have Made Special Efforts to Have Full Stocks in Every Department. We Can Show You the

BIGGEST LINE OF MEN'S OVERCOATS.

Consisting in Total of about 1000 and about 75 different styles.

Men's Dark Plaid and Dark Gray Overcoats at $2.50, $2.75, $3.00, $4.00.

Men's Heavy Storm Overcoats, Plush Collars, Astrachan Collars and Plain Collars, at $3.50, $4.00, $4.50, $5.00.

Men's Heavy Storm Overcoats, Blantyns and Heavy Chinchillas, at $4.00, $5.00, $6.00, $7.00, $8.00, $8.50.

Men's Light and Dark Dress Overcoats, Satin faced and Satin lined, in Brown Mixed Meltons, Drab Mixed Meltons, Mixed Kerseys, Plain Kerseys, Mixed Cassimeres, Browns, Drabs, Blacks, Olives, at $6.00, $6.50, $7.00, $7.50, $8.00, $10.00, $12.00, $15.00.

Men's Black Corkscrews and Diagonal Overcoats, Plain & Satin Faced, $5.00 $5.50, $6,00, $6.50, $7.50, $8.00, $10,00, $12,00, $15,00, &c.

MEN'S BLACK BEAVER COATS, ALL PRICES.

CHILD'S Overcoats, Fancy Styles. The Handsomest Assortment ever seen in Bellefonte, Plain or Striped or Barred, with Cape or without Cape, Big Collars, Little Collars, Astrachan Trimmed or Plain, $1.50, $2.00 $2.50, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00, $6.00 and $8.00.

BOYS' OVERCOATS, just as Many Styles and Varieties, $2.00, 2.50, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, and $10.00

125 Styles of Ladies Coats, Short or Long,

In Colors Light or Dark or Black, Barred, Striped or Plain, in Meltons, Corkscrews, Black Beavers, Diagonals, Jersey Cloths, Prices $1.25, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00, 3.50, 4.00, 4.50, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, $10.00.

100 Styles of Ladies Long Coats in Beautiful Stripe or Plaids, with Cape or without Cape, Angel Sleeves, Flowing Sleeves, Plain Sleeves or Trimmed Sleeves. Colors—Black, Brown, Cold Stripes, Fancy Stripes, Neat Checks, Big Plaid, with Cape or no Cape, Belts or no Belts, Loose Front or Tight Fitting, Prices $3.00, 3.50, 4.00, 4.50, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 12.00 and $15.00.

LYON & CO

LADIES MODJESKAS, a New design for a short coat. A Beautiful Stylish Coat. Handsomer than a wrap. More convenient to use your arms and better fitting than a wrap. Handsomely trimmed in Plush balls, Astrachan balls, Astrachan Spikes, &c. Prices $4.50, 5.00. 5.50 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 10.00, 12.00, 15.00.

SEAL PLUSH JACKETS AND COATS, from $11.00 to $30.00.

SEAL PLUSH MODJESKAS, from $11.00 to $30.00

A BIG LINE OF PLUSH COATS, JACKETS AND MODJESKAS.

MR. KERR'S FREE LABOR.

How the Democratic Candidate for Congress Defends the Laborers in His Mines.

We have already reminded our readers that Mr. James Kerr, Democratic candidate for Congress, is a free trader. but we did not suppose he put his doctrine into practice in this country by making the miners in his employ work for much less than the average rate of wages. The following letter, however, proves this to be a fact:

WOODLAND, PA., Oct. 23, 1888.

Editor Daily News:

DEAR SIR—In these days of political agitation, when candidates of either party are calling themselves the laboring man's friend and trying to get the *dear laborer* to vote for them, I think it fair and right that the pretensions of the Democratic nominee for Congress should be shown up as false, so that no laboring man will vote for a man who he is not in sympathy with, but is a real oppressor of the laborer, Mr. Kerr, the Democratic nominee for Congress is, as is well known, a partner and operator of the Beech Creek——coal mines, situated two miles from Woodland. Their company ship as many as ten cars of coal per day. But instead of paying the usual price of fifty cents per ton for mining coal, he pays two dollars per day for mining six cars of coal—six being the number fixed for a day's labor. These cars hold an average of 2240 lbs. or a gross ton. Anyone can see that Kerr & Company are wronging the miner out of one dollar a day on the coal mine if he was paying by the ton.

This is not all. Mr. Kerr, in conversation with a coal operator, made this statement: "You may as well get your coal mined by the day as pay 50 cents a ton. You will have trouble with your miners anyway, and six cars a day is much cheaper than 50 cents a ton."

Now, Mr. Editor, if any man,—either miner, coal operator or any other—doubts these statements let them come to Woodland, and I am sure that every miner in this section will bear me out in these statements, and I can have them substantiated under oath, by the man who heard Mr. Kerr make the statement, viz., "You may as well get your coal mined by the day as by the ton. You will have trouble with your miners anyway, and six cars a day is much cheaper than fifty cents a ton."

Now I ask, in all candor, can any Knight of Labor, or any man working in mines at mining coal, or any other laborer, vote for James Kerr for Congress, knowing those statements to be true? and for the truth of them let any man come to Woodland and investigate. Hoping that the laboring masses will support their friends and not an oppressor, I am

Yours, &c.,

LABORER.

CONCLUSIVE EVIDENCE.

We, the undersigned miners, who are or have been, engaged in mining coal for the Beech Creek Cannal Co., of which James Kerr is Secretary, do certify that the price paid for mining the said coal is two dollars per day, and we are required to put out six gross tons of coal to the man as a day's work,

Grant Barger,	Peter Anderson,
Jacob Wisor,	J. Mines,
H. Ord Shirey,	Ludwig Jahnson,
Geo. St. Clair,	Olef Anderson,
D. M. Stewart,	John Oleson,
A. Doyle Shirey,	J. D. Hinds,
W. H. Hale,	David Steele,
Lars Johnson,	Robert Samson,
Allen Snedden,	James Steele,
Archie Devling,	David Tweedie,
E. Albert,	W. S. Norton,
Andrew Anderson,	John Mann,
A. A. Lind,	David H. Smith,
John Gillberg,	Andrew Green,
Louis Anderson,	Wm. Wagner,
J. B. McKean,	Miles Woodel,
Corley Oleson,	Ben Oleson,
Chas. Anderson,	A. G. Esping.

—Belva A. Lockwood will visit the teachers institute in Lock Haven, in December. She will do so whether she is elected President of the United States or not.

'OUTSIDERS' IN THE MAGAZINES.

THE following from "The Lounger," in the *Critic* of June 23d last, refers to Mrs. Catherwood, and the story is 'The Romance of Dollard,' which is to begin in the November *Century*.

I often hear people say that it is impossible for an 'outsider' (I am not quite clear in my mind what constitutes an outsider) to get a manuscript accepted by any of the leading magazines. Having been unsuccessful in their own attempts, they give out that the magazines are edited in the interest of cliques' and that any one who is not of these cliques has no chance to sell his literary wares. Of course this is rubbish. It is the regular twaddle of the outs against the ins; but I never knew its absurdity more flatly proved than by a recent incident. A lady from the west visited the office of *The Century* a few days ago, with a manuscript novel in one and band a letter of introduction in the other. The letter consisted of a few lines, merely saying that the writer knew nothing about the manuscript in question, but that it gave him great pleasure to introduce the lady, etc., etc. The editor received her politely, but when she explained her errand, he said jokingly: We will read your manuscript of course, but there is just as much probability of your being struck by lightning as of its appearing in the magazine. We have more manuscripts of novels in our safes than we can use in years." "I shall stay in town until I get your decision," said the author, undaunted. "I am boarding at the—— Hotel, and I do not want to return to the West until I know the fate of my story."

The editor advised her not to remain in the city as he believed she was simply wasting time and money. He offered to take charge of the manuscript for her, and if it proved 'not available' to try to place it elsewhere; but she was determined to remain, for she had faith in the story. Seeing her determination, he thought to save her the expense of a board-bill by asking the reader of the house to send in an opinion as soon as possible. The opinion came within a few days, and was a very favorable one. Then the editor read the manuscript, and decided not only to publish it, but to publish it soon, and more than that, to publish it with illustrations. It may be imagined that the story was a particularly good one to win such instant recognition; but it is more than that I am told, for it is conspicuous for its finish, and the evident determination of the author to do her very best to construct a beautiful work of art—determination not always apparent in the work of some of our modern novelists.

A Good Chance to Make Money.

We call the especial attention of persons in need of profitable employment to the advertisement of Messrs. A. D. Worthington & Co., Hartford Conn., in another column. They want men and women to act as agents for Mary A. Livermore's recent book, "My story of the War." It is a famous book, magnificently illustrated, and Mrs. Livermore's narrative of her own experience as a hospital nurse for four years during the war is a tale of thrilling interest. Agents are doing wonderfully well with it. Lady agents are especially successful, and good workers right in this vicinity can do a paying business with this volume between now and Christmas. Read the advertisement and send to the publishers for their terms to agents. The book and its publishers are both first class.

TABLE TALK for November, another seasonable fitted number, full of Thanksgiving sentiment and pabulum. The book opens with the discovery of the 'Nation on Her Knees'—a short poem by Joseph Whitton; then follows "Ancient Thanksgiving Days." After which 'A Thanksgiving Dinner,' wherein Mrs. Rorer shows two ways of overcoming that delicious difficulty; she also has a second paper chasing up another little difficulty: 'How to live on a thousand a year.' Among other articles interesting and profitable to the housekeeper are 'How Mrs. Ruskin Saved Fuel and Kept Warm;' Tillie May Forney's 'Fashionable Luncheon and Tea Toilets,' 'Ethel's New Home,' 'New Things for Table and Kitchen;' also a full list of economical menus for the entire month. Other entertaining and instructive reading will be found in 'The Orange—Its Sweet and Discordant Records,' and 'How to Prepare it. 'The Flutterbys' Folly,' 'Fashionable Crazes,' 'Woman's Exchange Movement,' 'Seasonable Grocery Hints' and a 'Thanksgiving Problem,' all the solvers of which are promised a prize. How so much meat ul matter can be crowded together for a dollar a year is a problem we presume the publishers alone can solve. TABLE TALK PUBLISHING Co., 402, 404 & 406 Race St., Phila.

An article entitled 'Elk hunting in the Rocky Mountains,' in HARPER'S MAGAZINE for November, will send a thrill of pleasure down the backs of the hunting readers of that periodical. G. O. Shields is the author, and he writes with all the enthusiasm of a successful old hunter. The article with its incidents and beautiful illustrations, is a fit companion piece to the article on 'The Woodland Caribou,' which filled several interesting pages in a recent Number of this magazine. It is with deep feelings of regret that the reader learns of the rapidly approaching extermination of these majestic creatures of the forest.

The Rochester Business University announces in another column, the opening of the second term of this school year. This is a very large and we believe, an excellent school.

Mr. West will Slip Out.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—A cable dispatch to the *Evening Sun* from London says:

This afternoon Lord Salisbury sent from the foreign office a message in cipher to Lork Sackville suggesting that his accession to the peerage and increased responsibilities of a private nature would offer sufficient excuse for his retirement from his post at Washington.

Lord Sackville is almost sure to accept this chance for a half back down; if not his recall is certain. Lord Sackville will never have another diplomatic appointment.

THE latest "flopper" to Cleveland is the British minister at Washington. In a public letter he indirectly advises the English born residents of the United States to support Mr. Cleveland. Why don't the democratic journals make a loud noise of the conversion? Afraid of the Irish vote, we guess.

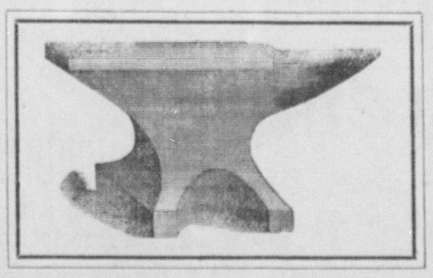
WE SELL The New Perfect RANGES, Susquehanna, Lady Washington, and many other styles of Cook Stoves.

H. A. MCKEE & BRO.

SOLE Agency for CENTRE CO. for the SOUTH BEND Chilled Plows and Repairs.

We shall do our utmost to please you. We have experienced men in our employ. We have added largely to our stock and especially ask you to patronize the new firm. We claim to carry the LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE LINE of Hardware, in all its details, of any one store in this county, and we sell goods low.

HARDWARE!



HARDWARE!

WOLF'S HAND MADE TINWARE You know what that means.

H. A. MCKEE & BRO.

THE ONLY PLACE in town that PURE MIXED PAINT is sold.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is a peculiar medicine, and is carefully prepared by competent pharmacists. The combination and proportion of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Mandrake, Yellow Dock, and other remedial agents is exclusively peculiar to Hood's Sarsaparilla, giving it strength and curative power superior to other preparations. A trial will convince you of its great medicinal value. Hood's Sarsaparilla

Purifies the Blood

creates and sharpens the appetite, stimulates the digestion, and gives strength to every organ of the body. It cures the most severe cases of Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Boils, Pimples, and all other affections caused by impure blood, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Headache, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Catarrh, Rheumatism, and that extreme tired feeling.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla has helped me more for catarrh and impure blood than anything else I ever used." A. BALL, Syracuse, N. Y.

Creates an Appetite

"I used Hood's Sarsaparilla to cleanse my blood and tone up my system. It gave me a good appetite and seemed to build me over." E. M. HALE, Lima, Ohio.

"I took Hood's Sarsaparilla for cancerous humor, and it began to act unlike anything else. It cured the humor, and seemed to tone up the whole body and give me new life." J. F. NIXON, Cambridgeport, Mass. Send for book giving statements of cures.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass

100 Doses One Dollar

$12.00 Our "SPECIAL" $12.00

Fall Overcoats

Unmatched and unequalled at this price. A much higher price is asked elsewhere for no better quality

$13.50

UNEXCEPTIONALLY GOOD

Scotch Cheviot Suits

These could be sold at a much higher price but the benefit of our good purchase is offered in marking them at this low figure.

$5.00

TROUSERS

CUT AND MADE BY THOMPSON'S PATENT SYSTEM NEVER FAIL TO FIT CORRECTLY.

The quality is sterling and without a fault The styles and patterns most select

OUR STORES:

1338 Chestnut St., 208 Walnut St., Philadelphia

245 Broadway, New York.

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E. O. THOMPSON,

Merchant Tailor, Clothier and Importer

PHILADELPHIA. NEW YORK. BOSTON.

N. B.—Mail orders promptly executed,—write to our head store, 1338 Chestnut St., Philadelphia. Particulars and information how to obtain our popular clothing will be sent free of charge. 20 43 4tm

NOTICE OF INCORPORATION.—Notice is hereby given that under the Act of Assembly of 29th April, 1874, and its supplements, an application to the Governer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania will be made on the 20th day of November, 1888, for the incorporation of the Commercial Land and Improvement Company, to purchase, improve, lease, or otherwise dispose of real estate; to mine, manufacture or market the mineral and other resources of the properties held by the said Company, with its principal office at Bellefonte, in the County of Centre.

J A HARPER,
ANDREW BROCKERHOFF,
L T MUNSON,
S M BUCK,
ED BROWN, JR.,
ALBERT OWEN.

20 43 3t

ON THE FIRST MONDAY

After Election,

Which will be November 12, new classes will be organized in all departments of the

Rochester Business University

The Leading Commercial School.

Catalogue and Full Particulars Free. 43 2t

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.—GOD SAVE the Commonwealth. I, Robert Cook, Jr., High Sheriff of the county of Centre, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid that an election will be held in the said county of Centre, on

TUESDAY NOVEMBER 6, 1888,

for the purpose of electing thirty persons for electors for President and Vice President of the United States.

One person for Congress, to represent the XXVIIIth District of Pennsylvania.

Two persons for Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

One person for Auditor General of the State of Pennsylvania.

Two persons for Representatives for the county of Centre.

One person for Coroner for the county of Centre.

Two persons for Jury Commissioners for the county of Centre.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the places for holding the aforesaid election in the several boroughs and townships within the county of Centre are as follows, to wit:

For the township of Haines (eastern precinct,) at the public school house at Woodward.

For the township of Haines (western precinct,) at the public house of T. G. Edmunds, Aaronsburg.

For the township of Half Moon, at the school house in Stormstown.

For the township of Taylor at the house erected for that purpose on the property of Leonard Merryman.

For the township of Miles, in the school house in the town of Rebersburg.

For the township of Gregg (northern precinct) at Murray's school house,

For the township of Gregg (southern precinct) at the dwelling house owned by J. B. Fisher, at Penn Hall.

For the borough of Centre Hall at the public school house in said borough.

For the township of Potter (northern precinct) at the public house of D. J. Meyer, in Centre Hall.

For the township of Potter (southern precinct,) at the house owned by J. B. Fisher of Penn Hall and occupied by Frank Hosterman.

For the township of College, at the school house in Lemont.

For the township of Ferguson (old precinct) at the school house in Pine Grove.

For the township of Ferguson (new precinct) at the old school house at Balleyville.

For the township of Harris at the school house in Boalsburg.

For the township of Patton at the house of Peter Murray.

For the North ward of the borough of Bellefonte at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the South ward of the borough of Bellefonte at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the West ward of the borough of Bellefonte, at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the township of Benner, at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the township of Spring, at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the township of Walker, in the school house at Hublersburg.

For the township of Howard at the school house in the borough of Howard.

For the borough of Howard, at the public school house in said borough.

For the township of Rush (northern precinct) in the school house at Cold Stream

For the township of Rush (southern precinct) in the public school house in the vicinity of Powelton.

For township of Snow Shoe (eastern precinct) at the school house in the village of Snow Shoe

For the township of Snow Shoe (western precinct) at the school house in the village of Moshannon.

For the township of Marion at the house of Joe Kling, in Jacksonville.

For the borough of Milesburg, at the school house in Milesburg.

For the township of Boggs (eastern precinct,) at Curtins school house.

For the township of Boggs (western precinct) at the school house in Central City.

For the township of Boggs (northern precinct) at the public school house known as "Walker' School House."

For the township of Huston at the Silver Dale school house.

For the township of Penn at the public house kept by R. V. Shaffer at Coburn.

For the borough of Millheim at the school house opposite the Evangelical church in said borough.

For the township of Liberty, at the school house in Eagleville.

For the township of Worth, at the school house in Port Matilda.

For the township of Burnside, at the house of J. K. Boak.

For the township of Curtin, at the school house near Robert Mann's.

For the township of Union at the school house in the borough of Unionville.

For the borough of Unionville, at the new school house in said borough.

For the First Ward of the borough of Philipsburg, at Wheelman's Club House, at corner of Beaver and Second streets.

For the Second Ward of the borough of Philipsburg at the Public Building, at the corner of North Centre and Presquisle streets.

For the third ward of the borough of Philipsburg, at the store of William Hess at the corner of Spruce and Ninth streets.

NOTICE is hereby given "That every person excepting justices of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of the State or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary Department of this State or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district; and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge Inspector, or clerk of an election of this Commonwealth and that no Inspector Judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for."

At all elections held under the laws of this Commonwealth the polls shall be opened at 7 o'clock a. m., and closed at 7 o'clock p. m.

TICKETS TO BE VOTED.

The qualified electors will take notice of the following acts of Assembly, approved the 12th day of March 1866. "An act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same. That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general township, borough and special elections are hereby authorized and required to vote by tickets, printed or written or partly printed or partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and to be labeled outside "Judiciary," one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers voted for, and be labeled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all County officers voted for including office of Senators and members of Congress if voted for and be labeled "County;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for labeled "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labeled "Borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

Given under my hand and seal, at my office in Bellefonte, this 9th day of Septembe In the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-eight, and in the One Hundred and Twelfth year of the Independance of the United States.

ROBERT COOKE, JR.,
Sheriff of Centre County.

MR. KERR'S FREE LABOR.

How the Democratic Candidate for Congress Defends the Laborers in his Mines.

HE PAYS ONLY 33⅓ CENTS PER TON FOR MINING COAL.

We have already reminded our readers that Mr. James Kerr, Democratic candidate for Congress, is a free trader, but we did not suppose he put his doctrine into practice in this country by making the miners in his employ work for much less than the average rate of wages. The following letter, however, proves this to be a fact:

WOODLAND, PA., Oct. 23, 1888.

Editor Daily News:

DEAR SIR—In these days of political agitation, when candidates of either party are calling themselves the laboring man's friend and trying to get the *dear laborer* to vote for them, I think it fair and right that the pretensions of the Democratic nominee for Congress should be shown up as false, so that no laboring man will vote for a man who he is not in sympathy with, but is a real oppressor of the laborer, Mr. Kerr, the Democratic nominee for Congress is, as is well known, a partner and operator of the Beech Creek——coal mines, situated two miles from Woodland. Their company ship as many as ten cars of coal per day. But instead of paying the usual price of fifty cents per ton for mining coal, he pays two dollars per day for mining six cars of coal—six being the number fixed for a day's labor. These cars hold an average of 2240 lbs. or a gross ton. Anyone can see that Kerr & Company are wronging the miner out of one dollar a day on the coal mine if he was paying by the ton.

This is not all. Mr. Kerr, in conversation with a coal operator, made this statement: "You may as well get your coal mined by the day as pay 50 cents a ton. You will have trouble with your miners anyway, and six cars a day is much cheaper than 50 cents a ton."

Now, Mr. Editor, if any man,—either miner, coal operator or any other—doubts these statements let them come to Woodland, and I am sure that every miner in this section will bear me out in these statements, and I can have them substantiated under oath, by the man who heard Mr. Kerr make the statement, viz., "You may as well get your coal mined by the day as by the ton. You will have trouble with your miners anyway, and six cars a day is much cheaper than fifty cents a ton."

Now I ask, in all candor, can any Knight of Labor, or any man working in mines at mining coal, or any other laborer, vote for James Kerr for Congress, knowing those statements to be true? and for the truth of them let any man come to Woodland and investigate. Hoping that the laboring masses will support their friends and not an oppressor, I am

Yours, &c.,

LABORER.

Thus it will be seen that Mr. Kerr is not a friend of the laborer, Mr. Rynder, his opponent, has been identified, for many years, in aiding the workingman and soldier. Let every true American vote for him.

—Superintendent Higbee, in his report of the schools reviews his suggestion of last year that a law be passed requiring school inspection of schools in the rural districts. Manual training and industrial education in the schools are recommended. Speaking of the new study, physiology and hygiene, the Superintendent says: "The teachers at the outset, in preparing themselves for this work, have very naturally given themselves to the study as a 'science,' and no doubt, in many instances, have made that so prominent in their teaching as to overshadow the moral side, in not fully discussing the vast evils of intemperance to both body and soul. In our judgment however, there has been little, if any conscious attempt to evade in any way the explicit requirements of the law, and the science, together with its hygienic applications, is gaining favor with teachers and pupils."

—In his address to the veterans and others at Lancaster last Thursday, Mr. James Milliken said: "The political issues of the present are almost identical with those you voted to sustain half a century ago. The vital issue for to-day is protection for American industry on the one hand and Free Trade on the other. How history repeats itself! Some of you are old enough to recall the events that led up to the Nullification act of 1832. Some of you, no doubt, remember only too well the terrible depression of those times. The products of the country exceeded the demand and everything was in deep gloom. The repeal of the tariff law, a measure born in South Carolina, sowed the seed that brought forth the disastrous fruit of the Rebellion."

They were looking at the statuette of the Venus of Milo, to which was attached a card with the caution: "Hands off," when he burst into a loud guffaw, and exclaimed:

"Anybody that's got their eyesight can see that—an' arms too, they might a said."

Neglect of the ordinary rules that conduce to health.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets The Original LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. ALWAYS ASK FOR DR. PIERCE'S PELLETS, OR LITTLE SUGAR-COATED PILLS.

Being entirely vegetable, they operate without disturbance to the system, diet, or occupation. Put up in glass vials, hermetically sealed. Always fresh and reliable. As **a laxative, alterative,** or **purgative,** these little Pellets give the most perfect satisfaction.

SICK HEADACHE,

Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the stomach and bowels, are promptly relieved and permanently cured by the use of **Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets.** In explanation of the remedial power of these Pellets over so great a variety of diseases, it may truthfully be said that their action upon the system is universal, not a gland or tissue escaping their sanative influence. Sold by druggists, 25 cents a vial. Manufactured at the Chemical Laboratory of WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

$500 REWARD

is offered by the manufacturers of **Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy,** for a case of Chronic Nasal Catarrh which they cannot cure,

SYMPTOMS OF CATARRH.—Dull, heavy headache, obstruction of the nasal passages, discharges falling from the head into the throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody and putrid; the eyes are weak, watery, and inflamed; there is ringing in the ears, deafness, hacking or coughing to clear the throat, expectoration of offensive matter, together with scabs from ulcers; the voice is changed and has a nasal twang; the breath is offensive; smell and taste are impaired; there is a sensation of dizziness, with mental depression, a hacking cough and general debility. Only a few of the above-named symptoms are likely to be present in any one case. Thousands of cases annually, without manifesting half of the above symptoms, result in consumption, and end in the grave. No disease is so common, more deceptive and dangerous, or less understood by physicians.

By its mild, soothing, and healing properties, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures the worst cases of **Catarrh, "cold in the head," Coryza,** and **Catarrhal Headache.**

Sold by druggists everywhere; 50 cents.

"Untold Agony from Catarrh."

Prof. W. HAUSNER, the famous mesmerist, of *Ithaca, N. Y.*, writes: "Some ten years ago I suffered untold agony from chronic nasal catarrh. My family physician gave me up as incurable, and said I must die. My case was such a bad one, that every day, towards sunset, my voice would become so hoarse I could barely speak above a whisper. In the morning my coughing and clearing of my throat would almost strangle me. By the use of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, in three months, I was a well man, and the cure has been permanent."

"Constantly Hawking and Spitting."

THOMAS J. RUSHING, Esq., *2902 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.*, writes: "I was a great sufferer from catarrh for three years. At times I could hardly breathe, and was constantly hawking and spitting, and for the last eight months could not breathe through the nostrils. I thought nothing could be done for me. Luckily, I was advised to try Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, and I am now a well man. I believe it to be the only sure remedy for catarrh now manufactured, and one has only to give it a fair trial to experience astounding results and a permanent cure."

Three Bottles Cure Catarrh.

ELI ROBBINS, *Runyan P. O., Columbia Co., Pa.*, says: "My daughter had catarrh when she was five years old, very badly. I saw Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy advertised, and procured a bottle for her, and soon saw that it helped her; a third bottle effected a permanent cure. She is now eighteen years old and sound and hearty."

HUMPHREYS'

DR. HUMPHREYS' BOOK
Cloth & Gold Binding
144 Pages, with Steel Engraving,
MAILED FREE.
Address, P. O. Box 1819, N. Y.

LIST OF PRINCIPAL NOS.	CURES	PRICE.
1	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic	.25
3	Crying Colic, or Teething of Infants	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults	.25
5	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic	.25
6	Cholera Morbus, Vomiting	.25
7	Coughs, Cold, Bronchitis	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	.25
9	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25

HOMEOPATHIC

10	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
12	Whites, too Profuse Periods	.25
13	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25
16	Fever and Ague, Chills, Malaria	.50
17	Piles, Blind or Bleeding	.50
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.50
20	Whooping Cough, Violent Coughs	.50
24	General Debility, Physical Weakness	.50
27	Kidney Disease	.50
28	Nervous Debility	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed	.50
32	Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation	1.00

SPECIFICS.

Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.—HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO. 109 Fulton St. N.Y.

WANTED MAN To take the agency of our Safes; size 28x18x18 inches; weight 500 lbs.; retail price $35; other sizes in proportion. A rare chance and permanent business. These Safes meet a demand never before supplied by other Safe companies, as we are not governed by the Safe Pool. Address ALPINE SAFE CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE
BEST IN THE WORLD.
Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not effected by heat. GET THE GENUINE.
FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY.

Duff's College.

The oldest and best institution for obtaining a Business Education. We have successfully prepared thousands of young men for the active duties of life. For Circulars address,
P. DUFF & SONS, Pittsburgh, Pa.
20 43 3m

CURRY BUSINESS COLLEGE
and SCHOOL of SHORTHAND
PITTSBURGH, PA.
The leading schools in their line in the U. S. Theory and Business Practice combined make Practical Bookkeepers of every graduate. National in patronage and reputation.
OVER 1400 STUDENTS LAST YEAR.
More applications for Bookkeepers and Stenographers than we can fill.
Send for Catalogue.
JAMES CLARK WILLIAMS, A. M., Pres't.
20 32 3m

WANTED -- AGENTS.
TO SOLICIT ORDERS
For our Choice and Hardy Nursery Stock. Steady work for energetic, temperate men. Salary and Expenses, or commission if preferred. The business quickly and easily learned. Satisfaction Guaranteed to customers and agents. Write immediately for terms. State age. Address
R. G. CHASE & CO.,
1430 South Penn Square, Philadelphia, Pa.
20 43 8t

In The High School.

The rhetoricals in the High school on Friday afternoon were as follows:

Music, "Come, Come, Come," "Our happy school," "The Dearest Spot," "The Voice Within Us," "Come, Come, away," and "America" served as a lively introduction to the strictly literary exercises. Herbert Miller, '91, delivered his declamation on "The Eagle." Sallie Walkey, '92, took "Bellefonte" as the topic of her essay, and Eva Deschner '92 recited "The Dying Soldier."

"Oceans" was the very extensive subject which Alice Dorworth, '92, made interesting in an essay and James Dolan, '91, declaimed "Lafayette's Welcome," in a spirited style. "Idle Words" was the subject of a thoughtful essay by Flora Moyer, '91. Lottie Crittenden, '92, took her hearers with her in an essay on "A visit to London." John Morgan '90, we suppose inspired by the politics of the time, told in a declamation of the "Duty of the American Citizen." Florence Longacre, '90, read an essay about "Celluloid," which is certainly a remarkable material. "Labor" was the timely theme about which John Bower, '91, declaimed. Flora Smith '91 read her essay on "Time," then Sam Rowe, '91, declaimed on "The Precious Heritage." Annie Gerrity, '92, found "William Penn" the fruitful subject for her essay. Harry Gerberich, '92, declaimed "England to an American," then Harry Cowdrick, '92, told in a declamation of "Our Destiny" From this serious subject Lilly Smith, '90, struck upon a sentimental one in the recitation "The Old Arm Chair." Chas. A. Rowan, '90, went back into history in declaiming of the "Discovery of Gallilee." H. A. Loeb, '90, declaimed on the subject "The Murderer." May Woodring, '89, in her thoughtful essay, advised her school mates to "Be Kind," and C. T. Noll, '89, declaimed "The Wounded Soldier," the best and last exercise of the afternoon.

—Rev. C. W. Rishel, of Centre Hall, was married Wednesday to Miss Beyer, of Madera, Clearfield county, at which place he is now engaged in the ministry. A short time ago Rev. Rishel acted as supply for the brethren at Lilleysville.—*Lewistown Sentinel.*

A FINE PIECE OF CHEWING TOBACCO IS INDEED A LUXURY FINZER'S Old Honesty COMES AS NEAR BEING A FINE PIECE OF PLUG TOBACCO AS IT IS POSSIBLE TO MAKE IT AND IS KNOWN AS A Standard Brand AMONG DEALERS

WE ARE SURE THAT ONE TRIAL WILL CONVINCE YOU OF ITS MERITS
LOOK FOR THIS TAG ON EACH PLUG
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SALESMEN WANTED
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For the Aged, Nervous, Debilitated.

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All Kinds of Tools and Dies Made to Order
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7. A new Special Course (two years) in Literature and Science, for Young Ladies.
8. A Carefully graded Preparatory Course.
9. Special Courses are arranged to meet the wants of individual students.
Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.
For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, LL.D., President.
8-tf State College, Centre Co., Pa.

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The Best Local Paper in the County.

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It is a plain statement of an honest fact.
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It is especially edited by a trained corps of writers selected for the purpose of making the best paper.
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It is an old paper and carries its age and reputation equally well.
We will send the WEEKLY PRESS, subscription one year, $1.00, and REPUBLICAN, subsciption one year, $2.00, *both, one year, one subscription price,* $2.00.
We make this unexceptional proposition in order that the *Weekly Press* and REPUBLICAN may go on trial in every household in this county for an entire year.
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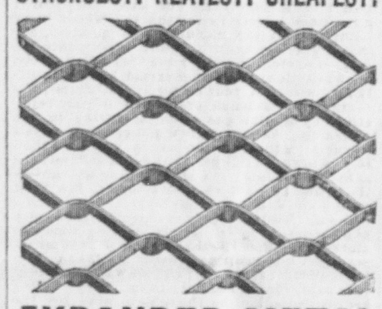
STRONGEST! NEATEST! CHEAPEST!



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TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
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WARNING TO ALL SUFFERERS. Before placing yourself under any one's treatment write to me for the exposure of quacks, unscrupulous Physicians, and those pretending to being specialists; it will be more than wealth to you.

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.
CATARRH
Sold by druggists or sent by mail. 50c. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

BELLEFONTE
BOOK BINDERY
Having leased the Bindery from the *Centre Democrat*, I am now prepared to do all kinds of binding at short notice. Persons having magazines, old books, or anything in our line should give us a call. Blank books, and Hotel Registers done in the neatest style, and at lowest prices. Satisfaction guaranteed.
J. B. KUNZ, - - Lessee.
Second floor, Old Conrad Building.
20 29

—Daylight is very short.

—Mud in every direction.

—Don't shoot rabbits until November 1.

—Social and entertainment festivities are scarce.

—If Minister West does not conclude to return to England on next steamer we suggest that he go West and start a bone yard.

—Hunters will please discontinue the practice of mistaking one another for bears or foxes. It is not pleasant to be wounded or killed for a bear.

—Enthusiastic Republican demonstration at State College, Friday evening, Torchlight parade also addresses by J. G. Love, Esq., and A. L. Miller.

—Dr. Sidney Thompson, of Spruce Creek, Huntingdon county, died at 4:30 o'clock on Thursday afternoon, aged 54 years. He was a skillful physician and an excellent citizen.

—The bricklayers on the new depot building were not prevented from working on Friday afternoon by the rain, but continued steadily to lay brick despite the weeping of the elements.

—We advise the railroad authorities to ornament the piece of ground between High street and the new station building, so that the structure, though very small, will at least look handsome and attractive.

—Rev. D. S. Monroe, D. D., receives almost innumerable requests to be present at the dedication of the new church edifices in various parts of the country, but steadily declines all such invitations unless the locality is near enough to permit him to go and return the same day.

—Mrs. Chilcot, of Hopewell, aged 92; Mrs. Sarah Ritchey, of Snake Spring township, aged 71 years, Mrs. Elizabeth Housor, of Monroe township, aged 79; William Spidle, of Bedford, aged 63; Ephraim Harr, of Tecumseh Tannery, aged 21 years, and Mrs. Bruner, of Centreville, are recent deaths in Bedford county.

Another Sudden Death.

Special to the Daily News.

PHOENIX PARK, October 27.—Thomas Merriman, a farmer, residing near Mt. Pleasant, Centre County, dropped dead while attending a sale at home of his son, William, caused by heart disease. His age was 67. DUPLEX.

The Homliest Man in Bellefonte

As well as the handsomest, and others are invited to call on any druggist and get *free* a trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the throat and Lungs, a remedy that is selling entirely upon its merits and is guaranteed to cure and relieve all Chronic and Acute Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Price 50 cents and $1.

—We were told some months ago that as the temperature of each year, taken in the aggregate, is about the same, and as the average had not nearly been reached up to September, we would have an unusually warm fall. Thus far there has not been a fulfilment of this prediction, and unless the Indian summer, which will soon be coming along, proves decidedly longer and warmer than usual, 1888 will be a phenomenal year. Thus far October has not put on its usual agreeable characterists. Only a little more than a single week is left for it to redeem itself.

Get a new Suit and Overcoat from Montgomery & Co., *Tailors*. They are so much *cheaper* than *Ready made clothing*, Full stock of Hats, Caps, Umbrellas and Gentlemen's Furnishings.

Perhaps He Eat too much Dinner.

The local light of the *Keystone Gazette* was decidedly out of joint last week. He records that the gallows belonging to Lycoming county which was used in Lock Haven upon which to suspend Luther Shaffer, was shipped home last Saturday. That may be, but it seems to us that ever since the memorable execution the authorities have spent their time in shipping the gallows to Williamsport. About once a week since that event the papers have printed this local. We hope that the next newspaper writer to record this homeward journey of the gallows will be summarily executed on it, and then the gallows will have a rest.

Then the same local writer goes for the poor youngsters who sing infant solos in church. Just as if they could sing adult solos. That's the reason this local writer don't get married. One time in a public speech he expressed his opposition to crying babies and when he called on his girl she gave him the grand bounce, because she says that an infant's wail is to her more like the music of heaven than any other sound she ever heard. We say take the babies to church be they ever so young. As the twig is bent so the tree is inclined and all useful and fruitful trees are inclined towards church. If the aforesaid local writer don't like to hear the infantile harmony he can spend the time in some parlor winking across the table at his favorite old maid.

Gus de Smith—Well, Miss Elderly, how did you like the garden party last night?

Miss E.—Pretty well, only the gentlemen were all so young—mere boys, in fact.

Gus—Oh, that don't make any difference; you know you were young yourself once upon a time.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Men who have no love of country
And who would vote for free trade
Should go over to England to live.
They would sell their birthright
For a small mess of potage
And their soul it would pass through a sieve.

Then vote for high protection
Which will keep from our shores
England's cheap pauper made ware,
We can make here at home
The best goods in the world
To admit others is a delusion and snare,

—Autumn leaves—on November 30.

—The Democrats don't want to debate.

—The Democrats seem to be afraid to debate campaign issues.

—Democrats, give up the fight and call it unanimous for Harrison.

—The shoemaker always has work, as his occupation is everlasting.

—A large class was confirmed in the Episcopal church at Philipsburg Tuesday.

—Every young man in Bellefonte is invited to the Y. M. C. A. meeting on Sunday.

—The Republicans of Madisonburg have raised a Harrison and Morton flag to the breeze.

—Company B, N. G. of Pa, advertise a grand ball, to be given on Friday evening, November 2.

—E. B. Shoff & Son, of Huntingdon, have shipped four thousand bushels of apples this season.

—A charter has been granted to the Boies Steel Wheel Company of Scranton. The capital stock is $500,000.

—It is reported that Lucy Furnace, near Mount Union, is to be started again next month if Harrison is elected.

—"Elkton" is a suburb of Millheim, in which is quite a handsome new dwelling house owned by Mr. Francis Long.

—Col. Thomas J. Grimeson is said to be a candidate for Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives at Harrisburg.

—The estate of the late S. A. Stover has received the $3,000 insurance held in the Rogal Arcanum by that gentleman.

—Mrs. Samuel Bierly, of Rebersburg, dropped dead a week ago to-day while engaged at housework. She was 59 years of age.

—Mr. Henry Hubler, of Graham township, Clearfield county, raised potatoes this year at the rate of 1120 bushels to the acre.

—John Mitchell, another celebrated base ball pitcher from this county, has signed with the Philadelphia League team for next season.

—Mrs. Laura Burns, daughter of the late J. H. Ingraham, author of the "Prince of the Home of David," died on Monday of this week in Mobile, Alabama.

—Clearfield county used to be intensely Democratic, but a very complete change in politics has taken place over there. In all the county scarcely a Democrat can be found.

—The Philipsburg *Ledger*, in recounting the citizens of that place who are nominated for office this year, entirely overlooks the Prohibition county ticket, all but one of which are Philipsburgers.

—The anniversary of the Young Men's Christian Association of Bellefonte, announced to be held on the second Sunday evening in November, has been postponed one week and will be held on the third Sunday, 18th day.

—Mrs. Maria Maffit, of Gatesburg, this county, who has been confined to her bed for the past sixteen years from spinal disease, has suddenly recovered, discharging her physician and hired help, and is now doing her own work.

—Aaron Walton, of Millheim is the most recent individual of whom we have heard who met with an accident in the woods. He was felled by a tree which he had cut down, but fortunately received nothing more serious than sprains.

—The wild man who for weeks had been frightening the residents of the southwestern part of Clearfield county and the northeastern part of Jefferson county, has seen his day and the monster is now settled down to a wounded bear with one of his hind legs broken.

—In concluding a notice of the death of Mrs. Sallie A. Kase, of this place, the Williamsport *Gazette & Bulletin* says: "For the kind attention shown by the people of Bellefonte the sons and daughters return their thanks, and for the same attentions in Williamsport Mr. and Mrs. Dietrick desire to express their thanks also."

—W. H. Moore and Jesse Stewart left on Wednesday morning for Milesburg which place they expect to make their headquarters for the next week or so while they scour the Bald Eagle Valley and neighboring mountains for any and everything in the game line from a piny squirrel to an elephant.—*Tyrone Daily Herald*.

—An uptown electrician has discovered a way to stop the cat serenading business. He has attached a wire to the back fence and when the cats climb on the fence and begin their nightly "yowl" he turns on the battery. Not one of the cats has been killed, but they are so surprised that a truly heart-rending concluding "yowl" closes the concert for the night.

A Sample Democratic Meeting.

A correspondent at Blanchard (Eagleville) thus describes a Democratic meeting held at that place.

The Democratic meeting on last Thursday evening was attended by quite a large number of people, about two thirds of whom were Republican voters, and the remainder Democrats, women and children. Some Democrats refused to attend because they must enter the hall under the stars and stripes to which the names of Harrison and Morton were attached. Owing to the fact that the chairman of the meeting was too bashful to introduce the speaker, the writer will designate them as Nos. 1 and 2, and would suggest that at their next meeting they invite Brother Gardner, of the Lime Kiln club to act as chairman *pro tem*. The first speaker paid a glowing tribute to the enterprise of J.I. Kunes in building such a convenient hall. He reviewed Cleveland's administration, handled the soldiers easily on account of the 300 pension vetoes, explained the tariff question history, his way being in favor of free trade.

The second speaker said that the Democrats would not destroy the government. I believe they cannot as they tried and failed during the Rebellion. He compared the Mills and Senate bills as to some articles that were on the free list to wit., free lumber, free wool, free salt, etc., Senate—free hair free bristles, free beeswax, free acorns etc., of which he spoke with contempt. He knows that tariff on lumber, wool and salt would bring more money in for the government than a tariff on hair, etc., Again I say Johnny Bull should not ruin our industries as he has joined the Democratic party and helped them frame their tariff bill. He dwelt on trusts and combinations, but did not name any prominent Democrats that were heading them, such as Payne and Whitney, coal oil; W. L. Scott, coal; Havemyer, sugar; he forgot to mention the Beech Creek railroad systems, which is polluted with Italians, Hungarians and Swedes from Jersey Shore to Gazzam, the terminii of the road, at the head of which are such Democrats as Wallace and Peale. He spoke of the Democratic furnaces of Bellefonte with a capacity of 100 tons a day compared with a 40 ton under a Republican administration, but did not tell his hearers the number of Italians and Hungarians employed at said furnaces, and also forgot to tell them that the wages paid by Republicans were much larger than those paid at present, which wages are made lower because of tariff reductions made in 1883.

What the Captain of the "State Fencibles" says of Candidate Rynder.

The following very excellent notice of the congressional candidacy of Theodore P. Rynder was written by Capt. C. S. W. Jones, of Tyrone, and appeared in the *Daily Herald* of Wednesday:

Though not in our district, it is not out of place for us to say a word in behalf of Mr. T. P. Rynder, who is the United Labor party candidate for Congress duly endorsed by the Republicans of the 28th congressional district. Mr Rynder is one of the strongest protection men in this part of the country, and would be an excellent man in Congress in that interest. Besides he was a soldier in the army and stands square for what is just and right as to pensions for deserving soldiers; his record on this score is known by the writer and we are only too glad to be able to do him this slight service, if service it may be called, for his earnest efforts on behalf of the soldiers who deserve pensions. Add to these qualifications for the place at this particular time, his indomitable energy and ability for the work in general, and you have a man who would make an excellent member of Congress.

Wedding Garments.

The *Raftmans Journal* of Clearfield, in a complete description of the marriage of Alexander E. Patton, cashier of the Curwensville Bank, to Miss May Boynton Dill, of the former place, on Wednesday of last week, thus describes the attire of the bride and her maids which we copy for the benefit of lady readers: The bride was arrayed in white moire antique, with point lace, diamonds and pearls, and was enveloped in a veil of white tulle, made en train, caught up by lillies of the valley, and carried a bouquet of lillies of the valley.

The bridesmaids wore dresses of pink faille, with pink embroidered tulle, and carried bouquets of La France rosebuds. The maid of honor wore a gown of cream faille with gold pasamenterie. The maids of honor were dressed in white with pink sashes and trimmings, and carried baskets filled with pink and white carnations.

—An effort is being made by the Democrats to secure ex-Governor Curtin to deliver an address here on the evening of November 3.—Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin*. We hope the Williamsport Democrats will be successful. It does a Republican good to hear the War Governor address a Democratic meeting. The Governor usually says just what he thinks and the way he criticises Cleveland's free trade message and commends the Republican Senate for not ratifying the fisheries treaty is pleasing to the Republicans. Then, too, he may treat Williamsport Democrats to his opinion in regard to the recent Rebel flag incident in Richmond. It will be a splendid bit of strategy for the Democrats to secure the presence of our much esteemed War Governor.

A Bellefonte Canine in Tyrone.

The wet weather caused the force of employes at the railroad yard in Tyrone to organize a hunting club of which Mr. H. C Brew was elected president. There is no use of a hunting club without a dog, so, knowing that Bellefonte can supply anything from a hairpin to a Presidential candidate, the President wrote to Bellefonte for a dog.

The *Daily Herald* says that the individual whose services were invoked to supply the dog was a man named Patton (we don't know him.) They wrote for a very wise dog, which was unnecessary as the very atmosphere of this place is sufficient to infuse wisdom into any animal. But it appears that they were not satisfied with the canine after it reached them. The *Daily Herald* thus describes the animal and the effect caused by his arrival:

"How were the mighty hopes and fond anticipations flattened out. It was a bull dog; his nose measured ten inches across, his lower lip protruded a couple of inches beyond the upper one, and the dog looked generally as though nothing less than an abundant quantity of gore would enable him to get through this world with any degree of satisfaction."

In fact the Tyrone party were badly frightened by his Dogship and hired a policeman and the lawyers to procure a piece of meat and thus coax the dog outside the town. He is now probably making his way back to the hub of Pennsylvania. The sequel of this narrative is that the hunting club disbanded and will reorganize on a different basis.

A School's Progress.

Report of Pine Glenn School, Burnside township, for the six school months' ending October 15.

Number in attendance, males 11, females 13; total 24. The number of days each was present as well as the days missed is given as follow: Walter Beightol present 77, missed 43 Norman Beightol present 92, missed 28. James Craft present 117, missed 3. Gilbert Craft, present 118, missed 2. Samuel Craft present 25, missed 95. Herbie Bates present 85, missed 35. James Etters present 87, missed 33. Preston Watson present 108, missed 12. Harry Conaway present 60, missed 60. James Hipple present 47, missed 73. Essie Beightol present 106, missed 14. Maggie Fye present 46, missed 74. Mattie Fye present 113, missed 17. Julia Fye present 106, missed 14. Bella Craft present 77, missed 43. Ella Carson present 109, missed 11. Nancy Zimmerman present 94, missed 26. Bertha Zimmerman present 99, missed 21. Mary Butler present 50, missed 70. Bella Zimmerman present 77, missed 43. Lizzie Zimmerman present 64, missed 56. Laura Veihdoffer present 59, missed 61. Effie Conaway present 39, missed 81.

EMMA MIDLAM, teacher.

PAYNE—LONG.

The wedding ceremony and attending festivities which united Mr. Gideon C. Payne, of Roanoke, Va., and Miss Mollie E. Long, of this place, on Wednesday at the hour of high noon, were exceedingly delightful. The ceremony took place at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. William Long. About twenty-five friends of the bride were present. The presents received were handsome, expressive of the high esteem in which the fair bride is held by her numerous friends. Rev. D. S. Monroe, D. D., officiated.

The bride is a young lady who is a prize in the matrimonial market for any young man and hence the groom is to be congratulated on his good fortune. It will be generally regretted that her home will hereafter be at a distance from Bellefonte, but the best wishes of all her friends will follow her through life.

They departed on the 2.30 train, many friends accompanying them to the station to bid them farewell.

Letter List.

List of unclaimed letters remaining in the post office at Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., October 22, 1888:

Miss Livie Allbright, Mrs. Louisa Brice, Mrs. A. Glenn, Henry Gross, Miss Mary J. Jerows, H. M. Lightner, Luther Kline, Miss Mary Reinman, Aaron Rhine, Miss Mary E. Shunk.

Persons inquiring for letters named in sthe above list will please say advertised.

JAS. H. DOBBINS, P. M.

—At eight o'clock on Tuesday evening Mr. R. N. Van Ormer, formerly of this place and now residing at Altoona, met with a severe misfortune in the destruction of nearly all his household goods by fire. The flames started in Charles Morse's carriage factory and thence spread to the house occupied by Mr. Van Ormer. We are sorry for him, as he had no insurance, intending to have his goods insured on the next day.

—Last Friday's edition of the *Daily News* local department was as usual, from the *Reporter's* columns with no credit given.—*Centre Reporter*. Yes, certainly, about eight miles from it. Do you want credit for it? If you want the DAILY NEWS to come over nearer you and be more neighborly we would be pleased to do so, but you must advance money to pay expenses.

Howard Happenings.

Lucas Brothers have renewed the roof on one of their buildings with slate.

George Tipton is roofing his new dwelling with slate.

Amos Dunkle has commenced the erection of a house for himself in our borough.

Dr. Hensyl and daughter, Lula, paid a flying visit to Williamsport this week.

On the evening of the 19th inst. Mr. George Stailstimer and Miss Lena Oswald, both of Philadelphia, were united in the bonds of wedlock, Justice Samuel Kline tying the hymeneal knot.

Mrs. D. K. Shutt arrived home from Pittsburg where she underwent a surgical treatment. Her many friends congratulate her on her improved health.

H. B. Sherman, an able Evangelist of the Christian Church, has been holding large meetings here this week. He is an interesting and entertaining preacher.

Mrs. John Gardner, of Howard township, was laid to rest last Sunday, Oct. 21. Her funeral was attended by a large concourse of friends and the public. Services were conducted by Rev. King, of the Evangelical church. She had been a patient sufferer for a year past.

N. F. Blake, of Portland, Maine, paid our place a flying visit this week.

W. H. Neff, Howard's popular cabinet maker and undertaker, has purchased a new five hundred dollar hearse which will enable him to conduct funerals in first class style.

Prof. Herdic Counsel has again made his appearance amongst us. Herdic is a bouncing good fellow and is always warmly welcomed home by his many friends.

Last Saturday the realestate of the late Rudolph Pletcher was appraised at $3.400. The real estate belonging to his wife, Anna, was previously appraised at $6,700. Both the parties died without issue.

They Retire Ignominiously.

About forty-eight hours passed without any word being received from the Democrats relative to the proposition for one of the young men of their ranks to debate the issues of the campaign with Mr. A. L. Miller. Then a letter was received, written, we believe, by D. F. Fortney, Esq., not couchied in very polite language, but admitting that there is no young man in their party able to maintain their side of the question.

This dismisses the subject so far as this discussion is concerned. This fact, taken in connection with their refusal in Illinois to debate the issues, when they were the challenging party, certainly is a complete exposure of the weakness of the combination tariff reduction, free trade theory.

Death on the Rail.

Special to the Altoona Tribune.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., October 25.—This morning a gang of laborers who are employed at Hefright's stone quarry on Warrior Ridge, west of town, were proceeding on their way to work on a hand car and when opposite the car works the car was run down by the shifting engine before the engineer could apply the breaks. Foreseeing their danger, all the occupants of the hand car jumped off before the collision except Joseph McCartney, who was struck by the engine and instantly killed, his body rolling under the wheels and being badly mangled. He leaves a wife and three children.

Death of Mr. Sidney Bairfoot.

Mr. Bairfoot, who some time ago was the proprietor of the model book and stationery store in this place, died at his home in Centre Hall, a short time after midnight on Thursday night. Mr. Bairfoot had been ill for a long time of consumption. He was a very excellent young man and his death will cause general regret. His age was about 33. His wife survives him.

—A very sad occurrence in Mill Hall Wednesday evening caused general sorrow in that place. Miss Grace Stover, the fifteen year old daughter of John H. Stover, was taking part in a temperance meeting by reciting a temperance selection when she fell forward from the platform dead, of heart disease. The funeral will be held on Sunday afternoon at the home of Elder Findly in Eagleville, this county.

Some Foolish People

Allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say, "Oh, it will all wear away," but in most cases it wears them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, which we will sell on a positive guarantee to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Price 50c and $1.00. *Trial size free*. At all Druggists'.

—When the W. C. T. U. becomes a political organization—and if we read the report of the National Union correctly it is almost political now—it will lose its usefulness. We have heretofore considered it a very efficient temperance organization, but self-respecting Republican ladies cannot remain in it if it continues its present course of help to the Democratic Aid Society.

—When you go out for chestnuts and climb the trees, be sure to descend the trees in the same way you went up. This is much safer than the way sometimes adopted of descending rapidly through space, head first. When a missile is employed with which to knock the chestnut burrs from their hanging place in the trees don't use yourself but use a stone or piece of wood. People who have flung themselves violently against these burrs have met with violent resistance and have scratched themselves or broken limbs.

HOW'S THIS!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of catarrh that can not be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F J CHENEY & CO, Prop's, Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F J Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.
West & Truax, Wholesale druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
E H Van Hoesen, Cashier Toledo National Bank, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system. Price 75 cts. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. 41-4

—The fourth crop of strawberries for this year has been gathered in the Walla Walla Valley, pear trees have yielded three crops, apple trees their second crop and second crops of numerous other fruits is reported. Where else than on the Pacific coast, in the United States, do such things occur?—*Portland Oregonian*.

Don't Experiment.

You cannot afford to waste time in experimenting when your lungs are in danger. Consumption always seems, at first, only a cold. Do not permit any dealer to impose upon you with some cheap imitation of Dr. Kings New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, but be sure you get the genuine. Because he can make more profit he can tell you he has something just as good, or just the same. Don't be deceived, but insist upon getting Dr. King's New Discovery, which is guaranteed to give relief in all Throat, Lung and Chest affections. Trial bottles free at W. C. Keplinger & Co's drug store. Large bottles $1

—The names of the two victims of the wreck at No, 13 bridge near Johnstown on Tuesday afternoon are John Epler, son of Elmer C. Epler, of Altoona, and Albert Fawcett, son of Pension Agent Fawcett, of Washington, D. C. Young Epler is a relative of Mrs. George Wigheman of Tyrone. The bodies were removed to Altoona Tuesday night.

Prudence! Prudence!

In medication, as in aught else, prudence should be our guide. Yet thousands cast it to the winds. Every new nostrum finds its patrons, the medical empirics of every false school have their gulls. Every change in the gamut of humbug is rung successfully—for a time at least—the notes being furnished by the credulous. In happy contrast to the many advertised impostures of the day stands Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, now in its third decade of popularity, approved and recommended by physicians, indorsed by the press of many lands, sought and prized by invalids everywhere It is an ascertained specific for and preventive of malarial diseases, chronic indigestion, liver complaint and constipation, checks the growth of rheumatism and neuralgia, is a peerless invigorant and useful diuretic. Nervous people benefit by it.

—Out in in Illinois the Democrats challenged the Republicans to debate the campaign issues. The challenge was promptly accepted by Mr. W. F. Bailey, who resides in Galesburg, Illinois, and since that the Demys have not been heard from. They have no arguments to sustain their pet theories and therefore will not debate.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the word for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by W. C. Keplinger & Co.

—Jacob W. Snook, of Millheim, died quite suddenly on Friday, the 19th. He was traveling in a wagon through the country, gathering poultry, when a sickness attacked him which caused him to fall from the vehicle. He suffered greatly before he was found and conveyed home. He died about 4 o'clock the same day.

WINKLEMAN'S SEDATIVE TEETHING BALSAM.—An unfailing remedy. Allaying all pain and promptly facilitating the process of teething in children. Unsurpassed for the instant relief of toothache. 25c. a bottle. At druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price.
J H WINKLEMAN & CO., Prop's, Baltimore, Md.

—A Democrat by the name of Robison who has $10,000 he wants to invest on Cleveland was in this section the other day; he says he can't find any takers.—*Centre Reporter*.

Please send that man over here. We know of Bellefonte citizens who have been looking for just such a fellow during the whole campaign.

RUPTURE CURE GUARANTEED BY J. B. Mayer, 831 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. Ease at once, no operation or delay from business, attested by thousands of cures after others fail. Advice free, send for circular. 3 14 1y

—Robert Shank, of Lock Haven, while at work the other day in the Irvona Lumber company's mill, had his right leg caught in a pair of large cog wheels, grinding the flesh from that member between the knee and hip. His chances of recovery are poor.

—Surveyors are at work laying out a railroad route from the town of Clearfield to Falls Creek, four miles west of the Beech Creek railroad. There is a rumor that this part of the road will be commenced in the spring.

Baby Stolen by an Eagle.

Wichita (Kan) Dispatch.

The baby of a farmer, William Beattie, who lives on the Cimarro river, north of the Territory line, was carried off by an eagle Saturday. Beattie went to work in the morning leaving in his dug-out his two children, one five years old and a baby aged two months. About noon Beattie returned home and found his girl in tears. She said she had taken the baby into the yard and left it while she went into the house. In a few minutes she heard a cry and, on looking out saw the baby 'flying away,' as she expressed it. The father knew at once that an eagle had visited his home. He summoned his neighbors to the wooded banks of the river, for which the eagle had made. In about an hour the sound of a shot summoned the searchers together. One of the men had found the eagle and was engaged in a conflict with it. He had emptied his gun at the big bird and broken its wing and was using his gun as a club when reinforcements arrived. The eagle fluttered into the bush and then the father saw his infant dead, the body badly lacerated.

—A large part of the butter manufactured at Spring Mills, this county, finds a market in Clearfield county.

TRY IT YOURSELF.

"It is of no use to argue the question, Philip, I am neither stubborn nor opinionated, I have simply had a lesson that will last a lifetime."

"Look here, Jack! you are like some old bachelor who has been jilted by some woman, and goes about declaring all women false."

"Not at all! my brother Charley died of Bright's disease, brought on by using one of these so called 'blood purifiers'—the kind you see attractively advertised in every nook and corner. It contains iodide of potassium, a drug useful in extreme cases when cautiously given under a doctor's supervision, death-dealing to all who take it in quantity. If your brother had died under such circumstances, you would hate patent medicines as I do."

"I do dislike the name of that mis-called 'blood purifier', for I have heard a first class physician say it is the cause of half the cases of Bright's disease in the country, and it is strange the proprietors have not been prosecuted for selling it. But I was recommending Vinegar Bitters and that does not contain any mineral, narcotic or other hurtful drug."

"Oh, nobody supposes that old woman's remedy will hurt anybody; the question is will it cure anything? I'd as soon think of taking some of my grandmother's herb tea.'

"You would be better off, Jack, if you had some of that tea to tone up your system now, instead of taking a glass of brandy to make you sleep one night, and perhaps a bottle of beer next."

"Is this a temperance lecture, Phil?"

"No, it is a Vinegar Bitters lecture. I've taken the medicine more or less for fifteen years, and look the world over, you will not find a healthier man than I am."

"What is all this nonsense about old style and new style Vinegar Bitters; are they different?"

"Yes, the old style looks like coffee with milk in, the new style like coffee without milk. The man who made the old style for twenty years—a practical chemist—made a milder, pleasanter preperation, adding to it here, and taking from it there, until he produced, my wife says, the finest medicine ever made. It cured her of constipation, and it cures the children of hives and all the little ailments they ever have. If my wife thinks they have worms, she doses them with old style. We always have both kinds in the house, and together, they keep the doctor away."

'And you insist that the pudding—"

"Is the eating—precisely. Jack, get a bottle of the old style Vinegar Bitters—men, I think, prfer old style usually—try it, and you will then be like an old bachelor who, after railing against women for years, falls in love with a good woman at last. You will say there are good and bad patent medicines, but Vinegar Bitters is the best of the lot."

"All right, Phil, to please you, I'll try it and report results." 20-37-18m

Only Temperance Bitters Known.

VINEGAR BITTERS
PURELY VEGETABLE — FREE FROM ALCOHOL
DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA
EUREKA
VINEGAR BITTERS

A Beautiful Book Free.
Address, R. H. McDONALD DRUG CO., 532 Washington St., New York.

MONEY SAVED! BY THE PHILADELPHIA SHOPPING AGENCY
To those who would like to purchase goods at Philadelphia prices without the expense and trouble of making the journey there, Miss ELLA H. BRUCE offers her services as Purchasing Agent. No commission charged. The best of reference given. Correspondence solicited. Inquiries enclosing stamp, promptly answered. Address ELLA H. BRUCE, 3433 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

CANNS KIDNEY CURE.
For Dropsy, Gravel, Nervousness, Bright's, Heart, Urinary or Liver diseases. Cure guaranteed. Office, 831 ARCH St., Philadelphia. All druggists. Try it. $1 a bottle, six for $5. 20 13 1y

OLD DR. CHASE'S NEW RECEIPT BOOK.

His Last & Crowning Life Work.

Dr Chase's Third, Last and Complete Receipt Book and Household Physician, or the Book for the Million, contains nearly 900 pages and sells for $2.25 in cloth binding and $1.50 in imported oil cloth, marble edge, and is justly by him called 'THE CROWNING WORK OF MY LIFE.' It is the result of over half a century's observation, study and experience. Yet this embodies no compilation of his former books, IT IS WHOLLY A NEW BOOK. If 30 years ago he could produce a book that has had a sale of over fifteen hundred housand copies, and has made his name familiar in nearly every English-speaking home in the United States, Canada, and South America, what KIND of a book could or would he produce as his Crowning Life Work, WITH MORE THAN THIRTY YEARS OF ADDITIONAL PRACTICE AND EXPERIENCE? The book itself answers the question, and is the most valuable production in the history of book publishing.

The Book is published in both English and German.

Agents Wanted! Big Terms!
F. B. DICKERSON & CO.,
25 6mo Detroit, Mich.

Bellefonte Republican,

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Local Department.

—Hurrah for Pennsylvania with its 150,000
Majority for Harrison Tippecanoe!
Hurrah also for New York State with its 100,000 more
For Harrison and Levi Morton, too!
Then we'll have the New England States which will be enough to make
A total of 200,000 more.
Now if we add the good old States along the northern lake
More than a half million will be the score
Behold here is the Great West (now, we don't mean Lord Sackville)—
She bringeth 200,000 in her hand.
Add to this the majority in New Jersey and West Virginia, too,
We'll have the greatest ever given in the land.

—Thursday will be All Saints day.

—To the *Item*: "Thanks"—A. L. M.

—Pumpkin pie sociables are fashionable.

—Lettuce still presents its green leaves in the market.

—Memoranda for the girls: Only two months more of leap year.

—A large part of Altoona is to be paved with Belgian blocks.

—The Bellefonte *Item* looks sort of blue because it is so seldom red.

—The boys and girls who wear Tam-O'shanter hats look quite attractive.

—It looks as if we are to have a period of genuine fine Republican weather.

—Hens are on a strike and eggs are as scarce as Democrats will be on election day.

—Wild geese are heading south and the Democracy are preparing to go north up Salt river.

—Dr. E. S. Dorworth is putting a handsome and stylish French roof on his new residence.

—All the lands of Morgan, Hale & Co., were purchased by the Philipsburg Coal and Land Company.

—From the fuss the Altoona papers make about the mud the streets of that city must be a double refined mortar bed.

—A mine of natural mineral paint has been discovered near Mahaffey, Clearfield county, which is said to be valuable.

—The attendance at the Y. M. C. A. meeting on Sunday afternoon was comparatively large. It will be larger next Sunday.

—Betweenthe tramping of the cows and Francis Speer over the boardwalk out North Allegheny street it is fast being destroyed.

—Along level and elevated Curtin street these delightful mornings is a perfect place to take an ante-breakfast constitutional.

—A class of eleven persons was confirmed in the Episcopal church on Sunday morning. The service was beautiful and impressive.

—The Republicans should engage the Bellefonte Band to play for them on election night, after the good news of victory is received.

—The railroad tracks are to be laid on the west side of the new depot building, between the depot and the residence of Mr. Meek. The present tracks will be removed.

—The national W. C. T. U. will meet in San Francisco on September 28, next year. It will also be the 50th anniversary of Miss Willard's birthday, which will be celebrated.

—One remarkably bad feature of the trouble between Overseer Schofield and Mr. Mayhew is that Jim accuses Attorney Ray of using the words "had saw" This is worse and more of it.

—The Bellefonte rink is to be open two nights of every week for any amusements which it is desired to hold there. Company B will have charge of the building and the Bellefonte Band will furnish the music.

—Rev. D. S. Monroe D. D., delivered the sermon on Sunday morning in the renewed and improved Methodist church edifice at Pleasant Gap. Part of the opening services were postponed, because of the exceedingly bad weather.

—The state fish commission is ready to supply German carp for stocking purposes to all applicants and will purchase bass with which to stock streams not already supplied with that fish. Wall eyed pike will be propagated at the Erie hatchery.

—We believe that when ministers devote their sermons to combatting views which are entertained by others they waste their their time and breath. Such difference in views is more imaginary than real, and there is more essential unity among the Christian organization than is generally supposed. The prayer that the church may be one in faith is being answered.

—Young Jenkins had the courage on Saturday to speak to her father and he said: "I have—er spoken to Mabel, Mr.——, and—she said—well—er—she said if I wished to press my suit I must see you." It didn't take Mr.——long to reply: "Should, eh? Well, Mr. Jenkins, all I've got to say is this, that if you wish to press your suit, you had better see a tailor. Good day, sir!"

PROGRESSIVE SHINGLETOWN

Explanation of Some Subjects Heretofore not Understood.

Special correspondence from Shingletown.

The hurly-burly of politics has precluded the possibility of sending out much information in reference to Shingletown and vicinity.

But it has been there all thetime and now comes to the front as large as life and twice as natural. The summer guests have departed and the residents of Shingletown who have been busy attending to the welfare of those multitudinous visitors will now take a breathing spell, talk over the recent excitement and prepare for a larger inflow of guests.

The parting was eventful. They lingered as long as they could. They remained to see the first frosts of fall whiten the mountain side and to see the crimson leaves fall in showers. They would have remained all winter except for the fact that the steam heating company's works are not yet completed and the ordinary means of supplying heat are not adequate for such a dense population, as some, necessarily, have to sleep on the ragged edges of the bed. The State College faculty and students came over and a grand hunt for chestnuts was had in the park. This sort of a hunt, if properly conducted, is well known to be far more delightful than fox hunting with hounds or steeple chasing with steeples, and the hunters voted it gay-lorious. They departed full of chestnuts and enthusiasm and will go to their respective homes to vote for Harrison.

This reminds us to announce for the first time in public print that Squire Stambach, the proprietor of the popular Stambach Hall, is a flopper. As is well known, he has been a life long Democrat. He voted for General Jackson and for Buchanan, Hancock and Cleveland. So he is a veteran from away back. But all his guests were Harrison men. They told him he owed all his success to the Republican policy. Their arguments were conclusive. The guests promised to return next year bringing with them their uncles, cousins and aunts and Stambach promised to vote for Harrison.

A guest also imparted to Stambach a valuable bit of information, He came from Indianapolis, the home of Harrison. But his information did not refer to the next President of the United States, but to another well known but quite the opposite sort of a person, viz., the notorious Thos. Ochiltree, of Texas. At the time in question Tom was sitting in the bar room of the La Pere House, smoking one of J. A. Cruse's cigars and reading a copy of the *Democratic Watchman* printed by Brother Meek "What are you doing, doubting Thomas?" was asked in genuine Scriptural language. I am looking for more li—. Oh, I mean to say that I am a constant reader of this paper and that is where I get the material for what I say. Some people doubt the authenticity of my remarks, but I see them all and far more remarkable things in this paper." Tom has all along been known as the most stupendous prevaricator in the United States, but hereafter he must yield the pennant to the *Watchman*.

Everything will be comparatively quiet now in Shingletown. The citizens are organizing a national banking company and will have palatial headquarters in Fox Hall. W. W. Leech, a very influential citizen, has been elected president and Mr. Hess the cashier. He is not the sort that will be apt to make a trip to Canada, either. If there is no cashier, there will surely be cash elsewhere. Mr. Beck will be the notary public.

When Harrison is elected the citizens of Shingletown will be in Bellefonte to aid in the jubilee celebration.

A Few Notes from Honserville.

Hurrah for Harrison!

The weather is unfavorable for husking corn or lifting potatoes.

We are informed of a brilliant wedding ceremony which occured at Lemont, the contracting parties being Mr. Jacob Fermon and Miss Ellen Miller, both of Lemont. May their lives be long, happy and prosprous.

Mr. Hatch Luts has two very fine young horses which he is now training for work.

Miss Blanch Jordan, of this place, visited the home of her parents at Centre Furnace, remaining over the Sabbath.

Mr. Abram Snyder is noted for his success in cultivating corn. His field this year will average one hundred bushels per acre. Mr. Snyder is a first-class general farmer and a good citizen.

Mr. Wirts is now exceedingly busy delivering books which he had sold. Good enough, Irve.

We noticed Mr. Solt pass through our village driving a span of splendid black horses which attracted a great deal of attention.

Mr. E. Houser is doing quite a lively business in general merchandise.

Mr. Bottorf has finished taking in his corn.

Mr. Jacob Shuey, we are glad to state, is recovering from his recent illness.

Mr. Solt, the cream man, had the honor of hauling the first load over the iron bridge at Lemont

UGLY JOE.

—The boardwalks on Logan street are in a truly deplorable condition. Any borough father or other responsible person who doubts this statement should go out there and tumble over a few of the loose boards, which will convince him. Now see that repairs are made before the cold weather comes.

Three Deaths in Boggs Township.

SNOW SHOE INTERSECTION, Oct. 27, '88.

MR. EDITOR: I am not sure that I reported the death of Minnie Francis Shawley, which occurred on the first of this month. She was the second daughter of Thomas and Emma Shawley, who live in Boggs township, north of Curtin's Iron Works. She was attacked by diphtheria, which raged in that vicinity for a month or more, and had recovered from its immediate effects, and was thought to be on the fair road toward recovery, when she suddenly expired. She was a fine, promising girl aged 10 years and 27 days at the day of her decease. Her remains were interred under the officiating care of the writer on the 3rd of the month in Messiah's church cemetery.

The sorely bereaved parents have our sympathy in their sorrow caused by the death of Minnie, who, we are sure, has gone to a happier home.

Since the occurrence as thus recorded the writer was again summoned to attend a funeral in the same vicinity, resulting from the same disease, in the case of the only son of William and Mary Nyman, but because of bad health I was unable to obey the summons and cannot, therefore, give any particulars, only thot we tender our prayers and sympathy to the bereaved in their affliction.

Mrs Jacob Yarnell died very suddenly and I will give you the particulars of that next week. Yours truly

J. ZEIGLER.

—It is remarked that, notwithstanding the increasing number of railroad wrecks the number of suits for damages on account of these has fallen off wonderfully. This is not because the mistakes of railroaders are viewed more charitably than in other years. The reason is more practical. The railroad companies found that juries were becoming so liberal in their awards of damages that a suit on account of the loss of one life was a serious matter, and a multiplicity of suits meant the entire eating up of normal earnings. The decision a short time ago nullifying the law of this State, fixing $5,000 as the maximum sum that could be claimed as damages for lo s of life on a railroad, caused railroad managers to put on their thinking caps. The result has been the organization by each company of a bureau for the settlement of claims.

—We don't believe there is any danger of professed Christians being too good or too strict. The temptation and the tendency are all the other way. Besides it is better to err on the side of right than of wrong. Hence it is not well for one Christian to intimate that another may be too strict or rigorous in his conduct. We believe that the real stumbling block in the way of the world today is that they do not see any difference in the conduct of professing Christians and worldly people. They have a vague idea that the true Christian should be a model in speech and behavior. Not seeing this they remain as they are. God's people are spoken of as "peculiar," in the world but not of it.

—T. P. Rynder can be depended upon to stand squarely on a protective platform, in fact he is a protectionist who believes in America and American labor. The labor vote of this district should be cast for Mr. Rynder for congress. The Union Labor vote will be unfaithful to its own interests and the interests of the great order of laboring men should it allow a free trader to represent them in congress when they have the power to prevent it by their votes. Will the wage-earners of this district stand up for their rights? We believe they will.—*Curwensville Review.*

—Says the Indiana *Messenger*: "We are informed that a young lady of this place who was the possessor of a most beautiful head of hair, sold it recently for a handsome sum. She used the proceeds for the purchase of a handsome winter hat and other articles of ornamentation. Such instances are not as rare in these parts as one would suppose. A lady from the East visits this section of the country regularly and usually goes away with a fine supply of natural hair."

—In regard to the proposal of several of the young gentlemen of Bellefonte to indulge in a sumptuous supper at Cedar's restaurant on election night we have an explanation to make. It will not be, as has been stated, a public affair, but will be private. It was planned for the purpose of pleasantly and profitably spending part of the evening while waiting for news, and we have every reason to believe that it will excellently answer that purpose.

—A terrible accident happened at the Boiling Springs, near Carlisle, Saturday, which will result in the death of Harry Strickler. He had in possession a six pound bomb shell which was charged with powder. It was found on Gettysburg battle field and was being kept as a relic, but Strickler forced a red hot iron through it, and it exploded with a terrific report, tearing an arm from its socket and injuring the old man in many places.

THE CAPTIVATING DANCE.

A Social Entertainment which was the Centre of Attraction for a Dozen Pennsylvania Towns.

Our apology for delay in refering at length to *La Aurania Furnesselle's* October dance on Friday evening, Oct. 26, is a press of other subjects which in these political times cannot be postponed But this dance came in as a refreshing recreation from politics. That it was a decided success each one of the eighty young people in attendance will testify in unanimous affirmative tones.

It was *La Aurania Furnesselle's debut*. Do you want to know the personnel of this social organization? Well, we can only refer you once again to the committee of arrangements—Messrs. Ed. Shaffer, Jerome Harper, George D. Bayard and James Harris. That every possible preparation had been made was evident to those who enjoyed the accomplished result. Until their achievements of Friday night are excelled, the pennant for perfection in ball arrangements must be awarded to the gentlemen in command, and we have no doubt that all are under the deepest sense of obligation to the fair and handsome patronesses—Mrs. Will Lyon, Mrs. Ed. Garman, Mrs. Will Reber and Mrs. Jonathan Harper—who received the guests with such a gracious welcome and gave the youthful dancers the encouragement of their presence.

The dancing room was the large one in the Bush Arcade building, which had been beautifully ornamented for the purpose and needed to make it perfect only the inspiring presence of the fairest young ladies in the land, who, in costumes of exquisite elegance, contributed to the hall a vision of rare grace and beauty unsurpassed in the world, because what is more charming than a fair American girl? and right here are the most attractive maidens in the world.

There were eighty guests present, about thirty of whom were strangers, whose names we will give as follows:

Misses Hopton, Dickson, Mertie Carothers, Carrie Gray, Code Hiltner, Grace Hoover, Dollie Caldwell, Mache Caldwell of Tyrone; Miss Lumley of Williamsport Miss Jauss, of Harrisburg, and Miss Zellers, of Mifflinburg. Messrs. Charles Witter, John Vogt, Ed. Watson, Gerald Hoover, Will Scott, Fearon Zerby, Ed. Black, John Burley and Roy Berg, of Tyrone.

As many did not arrive until the evening train the grand march took place at 9.30 o'clock. The dancing proceeded during the evening to the music of a fine orchestra. One of the incidents of the event was the adjournment of about twelve couples to Finkbinder's photograph gallery where they were instantaneously photographed by the new flash light, a very interesting and satisfactory process.

It was about 1 o'clock when refreshments were served at Achenbach's handsome lunch parlors on Bishop street. The menu included all that is rare and tempting in the caterer's art.

During the evening there was singing by the Fontenelle Glee Club, an agregation of tuneful voices without a peer at present in Bellefonte. This excellent club most nobly inaugurated the series of entertainments and deserve unstinted praise and congratulation. To the exceptionally bright galaxy of young people from Tyrone the club return many thanks for the pleasure their presence gave. Most of these guests departed the next day and left many delightful memories behind.

—On Tuesday two cows—a young one and an old one—were shipped to some one in this place and arrived, per Adam's express, in the 5 o'clock train. They were unloaded from the train in safety. It is quite likely the animals had never been in a place where there is so much excitement and animaiton as at the Bellefonte depot and the effect was to make the younger cow wild with longing to mingle with the crowd. She determined to emerge from behind the frame bars which confined her youthful spirits, and with a plunge there was a cracking of the bars and she stood at liberty in the midst of the people. It is not always safe to grab an unknown cow either by the horns or tail and there was no other visible appendage by which to catch her, so Mr. Hoover, Tom Hutchinson and others present merely danced around her while the cow thought that a sort of Virginia reel was in progress and also pirouted a little. But she became tired of this motion, unaccompanied by music, and while some one was rushing off to get the wild western cowboy to bring a lasso and catch the animal she made a dash up High street followed by a crowd of men, lads and lassies, all glad to have a cow chase in town. She at one time ran into Tripple's stable, but did not find the interior according to her fancy so she ran out and on up towards Curtin street. Arriving there, she was tempted by the fine pasture in Mr. Curtin's field to leap over the fence and began to graze on the grass. She was tired of liberty, too, and was easily caught, and after the excitement had subsided she was taken to her destination, none the worse for her scamper through town.

—The Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. church will meet at Mrs. Henry Harris' residence this (Tuesday) evening at 7 o'clock. A full attendance of all the ladies is earnestly requested, especially the young ladies. Business of importance to all will be brought before the society.

Personal Pencilings.

W. E. Beals, a citizen of Philipsburg, died last Saturday.

Mr. Lew Erhard, the grocer, has recovered from quite a severe attack of quinsy.

Miss Rebecca Gardner, of Altoona, attended the Payne-Long wedding on Wednesday.

Mr. Byers, of Ebensburg, rendered some very fine singing in the Catholic church on Sunday.

J. E. Howard, of Altoona, has been granted a pension for a centering apparatus, whatever that is.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Everett, of Lemont, after an extended visit in Ohio, returned home on Thursday.

Israel Sternburg has added fifteen inches to his size in every direction by donning a nobby high silk hat.

Mr. Pat McCaffrey, of Lock Haven, arrived in town, to attend the funeral of his sister, Miss Eliza McCaffrey.

Mr. R. A. Beck is away from town somewhere, and announces that he will be at home at 9.32 a. m. November 1.

Mr Olie Meek, of Washington, D. C. is spending a three weeks leave of absence with his relatives in Bellefonte.

Miss Mary Reynolds and Miss Alice Potter, two charming young ladies from Lancaster, are gracing Major William F. Reynolds residence by their presence.

Rev. J. O. Davis, rector of the Episcopal church, will depart on Thursday next for a two weeks absence from town. He announces that his place will be filled during his absence.

We hear that Mr. Eugene Fleming, brother of W. I. Fleming of this place, is quite ill in Williamsport. Mr. Fleming was formerly with his brother here. He has been married only a few months.

Miss Laura Russell, the fair telephone operator at Lock Haven, is away on her vacation and the female voice to answer calls from that city for a few weeks to come will be that of Miss Shearer of Milton.

Misses Lula and Lettie Stover, daughters of Mr. Frank B. Stover, of this place, have returned from a visit to Pine Grove Mills. Their visit in that section was replete with pleasure, in which the gathering of chestnuts was particularly prominent.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dewees, of 1516 North Sixth street, Philadelphia, are guests at the residence of Mrs. Jno. Montgomery, on Allegheny street. They accompanied Mr. F. C. Montgomery to Bellefonte on Friday of last week when he returned home from a flying trip to the Quaker City.

Mr. Paxton Cowdrick went to Roaring Springs on Friday where he will build a large brick hotel. The season is quite far advanced, but as he permits no grass to grow under his feet in the business of bricklaying he will soon have the structure completed, and will have plenty of time as after November 6 the weather will be fine.

Where They Fought.

W. E. Gray, Esq., in his address Tuesday evening introduced a most forcible comparison, which exhibits startlingly the difference in the characters of two men who are candidates for the Presidency.

He told what they were doing on the 20th of June, 1864. Benjamin Harrison was in the army and at a certain minute on that day General Hooker, who was in command, ordered young Harrison to bring his men forward and engage in the fight.

Where was Cleveland at that moment? He was entering a saloon in Buffalo and calling for drinks.

Twenty minutes later Harrison and his men were engaged in desperate conflict. Where was Cleveland? He was engaged in a game of seven-up to see who would pay for the drinks.

Later in the day General Hooker pointed to Harrison and said: "That young man shall be promoted for his bravery this day." Where was Cleveland then? He had won the game and the other fellow was paying for the drinks.

Which of these men will you vote for?

The Richmond Exposition—Half Rates via. Pennsylvania Railroad.

The great Richmond Exposition, which has now been in successful operation for two weeks, promises to retain the favor of the public to the end. Its great exhibit of tobacco, the products, minerals and fine stock of the South, with all its numberless special features, form one of the most interesting displays of the kind ever seen. The city of Richmond itself, with its colonial and revolutionary associations, war memories, and contemporaneous interest is well worth a visit, which can never be more pleasantly made than at this season. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, in order to place the trip within the power of everyone, is selling the round-trip tickets to Richmond every Monday and Thursday, until including November 19th, good for return passage until Nov. 26th, 1888, at a single fare for the round trip.

—Now raise your potatoes and husk your corn.

Ponderous Machinery at Scotia Placed There by a Bellefonte Firm.

The massive and complicated machinery constructed by W. P. Duncan & Co., of Bellefonte, for the firm of Carnegie Brothers & Co., Lim., at Scotia, says our correspondent, has been placed and properly adjusted by our skilled mechanics, and the constant hum of countless wheels, bolts and gearing is a sure indication that Scotia is booming again. When we say it requires the combined efforts of ten stationary engines, four steam pumps and a battery of five large boilers to drive this ponderous machinery, your readers can form an idea of the immense amount of machinery that is located high up here in the barrens.

The results of the mechanical ingenuity of Mr. William Jenkins is plainly visible in the neat and successful contrivance designed by him for operating the revolving tipples. The friction clutches caused some delay when first tested, but they are at present giving splendid satisfaction and they will no doubt do all that is claimed for them by the designer, Mr. Jenkins.

The machinery was constructed, placed and adjusted by thorough mechanics and it is moving along with the ease and precision of a huge locomotive.

The friends of W. E. Gray, Esq., and Prof. W. A. Brown are actively engaged in securing subscriptions for the beautiful gold-headed cane that will be presented to the successful contestant on Saturday evening, December 1, at Forest City Band hall. It is rumored that the members of the Forest City Cornet Band will be the recipients of a handsome and costly present in a short time in the shape of a new set of beautiful silver instruments. This will be glad news to their friend and benefactor, W. E. Gray, Esq. More information in regard to this will be given your readers in the future.

In Memory of the Late Mrs. Jacob Yarnell.

SNOW SHOE INTERSECTION, Oct. 30.

Mr. Editor: Quite recently I sent to you a report of several deaths that occurred in Boggs township. I will now relate the particulars concerning the last one referred to. Maria, oldest daughter of John and Catherine Poorman, the first of a family of nine children, five girls and four boys, all of whom survive her, was born June the 17th, 1837. She was married to Jacob Yarnell September 16th, 1860, and lived happily with him until death severed their relationship. She was a faithful wife, industrious and frugal possessed of good judgment and was ever ready to lend a helping hand to her neighbors in whose affections she had a warm place. She will be greatly missed in the family and neighborhood.

She was the mother of nine children, six girls and three boys, all of whom, with her devoted husband, survive her, except the infant boy, Reuben. On the 24th of October of this year, she assisted her husband in gathering in the pumpkin crop and attended to other household duties with her daughters, at home, until about 4 o'clock, when she made a trip to the spring, a short distance from the house, singing, "Praise God from whom all blessings flow" as she went. Returning to some vessels set in the yard containing vinegar, she proceeded to empty part of their contents into another vessel, when she suddenly fell backward and she died instantly. Her funeral, which took place on Friday, the 26th instant, was attended by an immense concourse of friends, which spoke well both for them and for her. Her remains were conveyed to Messiah's church cemetery, the writer conducting the religious services and administering warning and comfort to the bereaved. She was 51 years, 4 months and 7 days.

Respectfully yours,

J. ZEIGLER.

—Miss Eliza McCaffrey, of this place, died at her home on South Allegheny street at 12 o'clock on Tuesday. Miss McCaffrey was the sister of Miss Annie McCaffrey, a teacher in the public schools. She was about thirty years of age and a most estimable, excellent lady. Her health had been quite delicate for a long time. Being of a sweet, amiable disposition, her death will be mourned by many friends. The funeral will take place this (Thursday) afternoon at 2 o'clock in the Catholic church.

—Thomas Merryman, whose death was noticed in this paper Saturday, was, says a Tyrone correspondent, found lying dead on the public road leading from Fowler station to his home in Taylor township. He was first discovered by Scott Johnson and Wesley Weaver a distance of about two miles from the station. He was upwards of 60 years of age and one of the leading farmers of that section. Heart disease was supposed to have been the cause. He formerly lived in Tyrone.

—The wind is drying the mud.

MARRIED.

PAYNE—LONG.—At the residence of the bride's father, Bellefonte, Pa., Wednesday, October 24, by Rev. D. S. Monroe, D. D., Mr. Gideon C. Payne, of Roanoke, Va., and Miss Mary E. Long, of Bellefonte.

DIED.

MOWRY.—On the 22d instant, at the residence of his son-in-law, Noah Leitzell, in Aaronsburg, James Mowry, aged 70 years.

MAIZE.—On the 22d instant, at the home of his son William, John F. Maize, aged 82 years and 9 months. Funeral on Thursday.